

KYRIE.

Adagio.

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Oboe d'amore I.

Oboe d'amore II.

Fagotti.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano I.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

The musical score is written for a full orchestra and choir. The instrumental parts (Flauto traverso, Oboe d'amore, Fagotti, Violino, Viola, and Continuo) are in G major and common time. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenore, Basso) are also in G major and common time. The lyrics are in Italian and are repeated across the vocal staves.

Lyrics for Soprano I, Soprano II, Alto, Tenore, and Basso:

Ky - ri - e, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e -

7 6

5

6 9 8

7 6

5

6

Largo ed un poco piano.

i - son.
 le - i - son.
 le - i - son.
 le - i - son.
 lei - son.

7 6 2 6 5 2 6 6 7 8 7 8 6 6

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely a sonata or concerto movement. It features a grand staff with multiple staves. The top four staves are for the right hand, and the bottom four staves are for the left hand. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. At the bottom of the page, there is a figured bass line with numbers indicating the harmonic structure.

Figured Bass:

5 7 4 2 6 6 6 6 6 5 9 6 7 9 3 7 4 6 7 9 3

9 8 9 8 7 9 8 9 7 6 5 8 7 6 6 7

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

The musical score consists of 12 staves. The first 8 staves contain active musical notation, while the last 4 staves are empty. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The bottom of the page contains a series of numbers and symbols, likely a fingering or performance guide.

Below the staves, the following sequence of numbers and symbols is present:

1 7 2 1 7 2 5 3 7 7 7 9 8 7 2 4 3 6 4 3 6 5 7 5

B.W.VI.

Musical score for a piano and voice piece. The score consists of 12 staves. The first 10 staves are for the piano, and the last 2 staves are for the voice. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The piano part includes a trill (tr) in the third staff and a piano (piano) marking in the fourth staff. The voice part includes the lyrics: "Ky - ri-e e -", "Ky - ri-e e - le -", "i - son, Ky - ri-e e - le -".

Fingerings for the piano part (bottom staff):

6	5	4	3	2	1	5	6	5	4	3	2	1	5	6	5	4	3	2	1	5	6	5	4	3	2	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

This musical score is for a Kyrie eleison, likely from a liturgical setting. It is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score includes a piano accompaniment and vocal parts. The piano part features a prominent melody in the right hand, often with arpeggiated figures, and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The vocal parts, including Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass, enter with the Kyrie eleison text. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

Lyrics:
 le - i - son, Ky - ri e e - le - i - son, e - le -
 - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i -

le - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le -

- - - i - son, ky - ri - e e - le - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, ky - ri - e e - le -

- - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei -

e e - lei - son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - i - son, ky - ri - e e - le -

5 6 6 6 6 7 5 7 9 6 9 6 3 5

3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 3 5

son, e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - i - son, e - le - - -

- - - i - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - - son, Kyrie e - le - -

son, e - le - - - i - son, e - lei - - - son, e - lei - -

- - i - son, e - le - - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - - son, Ky - ri - e e -

Ky - ri - e - le - - - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - - i -

7 7 4 3 7 7 6 6 3 6 3 7 6 6 6 3 6 6

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

B. W. VI.

forte

forte

son, Ky - ri e - le - - - i - son, Ky - ri -

- - - i - son, Ky - ri - e - e - le - - - i - son, Ky - ri - e - e - le - - -

- - - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e - e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - i - son, Ky - ri -

le - i - son, Ky - ri - e - e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - - - i - son, Ky -

son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - - - son, Ky - ri - e - e -

6 6 6 7 6 7 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 5

2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

[illegible]

[illegible]

i-son, e -
 e - lei - son, e -
 e - le-i - son, e lei - son, e -
 lei - son, e - le-i - son, e lei - son, e -
 son, fiy - ri - e e - le - i -

4 8 7 4 6 6 7 8 7 4 7 5 4 7 7 7

[illegible]

Musical score for "Kyrie eleison" by Franz Schubert, Op. 91, No. 14. The score is for a four-part vocal setting (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score consists of 14 measures. The vocal parts enter in the second measure with the text "Kyrie eleison". The piano accompaniment features a prominent arpeggiated figure in the right hand and a more active bass line. The score is presented on a single page with a large, clear font for the lyrics and a detailed musical notation.

Hy - rie e - le

6 7 9 6 7 7 # 7 7 7 6 5 7 7

The musical score is written for a large ensemble, including voices and instruments. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score consists of 12 staves. The first 10 staves are for instruments, and the last 2 staves are for voices. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

Lyrics:

Ry - rie e - le - - - i - son, Ry - ri -
 - - - i - son, Ry - ri - e e - le - - i - son, Ry - ri - e e - le - i -

Figured Bass:

6 6 6 5 6 5 6 7 6 6 6 6 4 3 6 6 5 3 6 6 7 6 7 7 6 5 4 3

[illegible]

Ry - ri e - le - i son, Ry - ri e - le - i

son, Ry - ri e - le - i son, e - le - i son, e - lei

son, e - lei - son, e - le - i son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,

son, hy - ri e - le - i son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son,

9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20

son, e le i son, Ky ri e e le i son, e lei son, e le i son, Ky ri e e son, e lei son, e le i son, Ky ri e e son, e lei son, e le i son, Ky ri e e

son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son,
 i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le -
 i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le -
 le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le -
 le - i - son, Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e -

3/4 2/4 3/4 6 7/5 4:3 6 7 7 6 5 6 5 6 7 6 5 6 4 2

Ky - rie e - le - i - son, Ky - rie e - le - i - son, Ky -
 - i - son, Ky - rie e - le -
 - i - son, e - lei - son, Ky - rie e - le - i - son, Ky - rie e -
 - i - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - rie e - le - i - son, e -
 lei - son, Ky - rie e - le - i - son, e - lei - son,

7 6 4 2 6 5 4 2 6 6 7 6 2 6 5 2 6 4 2

[illegible]

son, e-lei-son, e-lei-son, e-lei-son, e-lei-son, Ky-ri-e e-lei-son

9 8 9 7 6 7 6 5 6 6 7 8 7 7 7 7 7

son, e lei son, e le i son, e le i son, e le i son, e le i son, Kyrie e lei son, Kyrie e le i son, e le i son, Kyrie e le i son, Kyrie e le

7 7 7 7 7 7 4 5 6 6 5 6 5 5 7 6 7 9 8 7

[illegible]

DUETTO.

Violino I. II.

Soprano I.

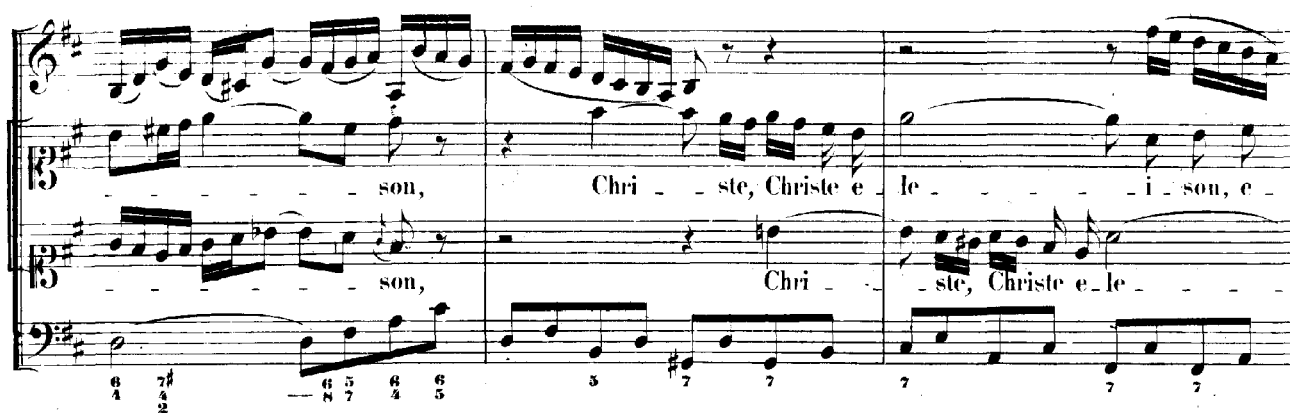
Soprano II.

Continuo.

Chri - ste, Christe e - lei - son, e - lei

Chri - ste, Christe e - lei - son, e - lei

piano



son, Chri - ste, Christe e le - i - son, e -

son, Chri - ste, Christe e - le -

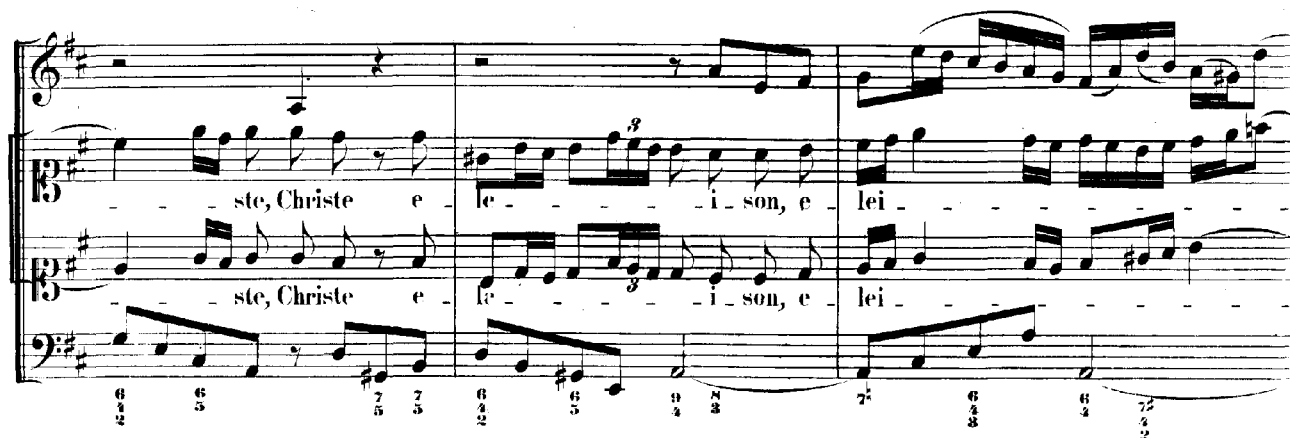
6 4 7# 4 2 6 5 6 4 5 5 7 7 7 7 7



le - i - son, e lei - son, Chri -

- i - son, e - le - i - son, e lei - son, Chri -

7 6 6 6 6 5 7 6 5 6 4 3 2 7 6 4



ste, Christe e le - i - son, e lei -

ste, Christe e le - i - son, e lei -

6 4 6 5 7 5 7 6 4 5 6 4 7 6 4 7 4 2



son, Chri - ste, Christe e le - i - son, e -

son, Chri - ste, Christe e - le - i - son, e - le -

6 5 7 6 5 5 7 7 7 4 3 7 5 7 6 6 6

10

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The middle and bottom staves are in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music consists of continuous eighth-note patterns in the top and bottom staves, while the middle staff is mostly rests. Fingering numbers are present below the bottom staff.

Second system of musical notation. It continues the instrumental patterns in the top and bottom staves. The middle staff begins with vocal entries. The lyrics "Chri - ste e" are written below the vocal staves. The bottom staff has a "piano" marking and continues with eighth-note patterns.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff has a "piano" marking. The middle and bottom staves have vocal entries with the lyrics "le - i son, e le" and "le - i son, e lei" respectively. The bottom staff continues with eighth-note patterns.

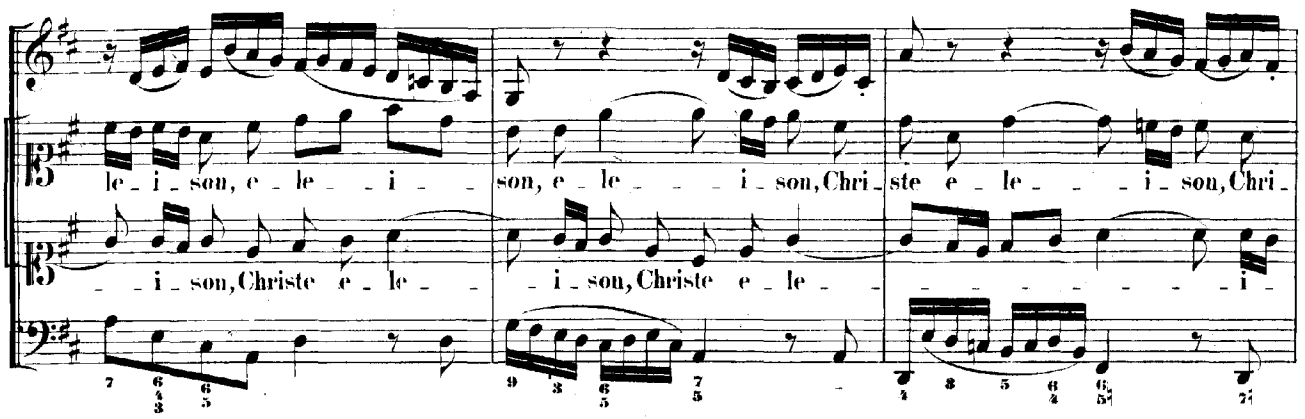
Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff continues with eighth-note patterns. The middle and bottom staves have vocal entries with the lyrics "i - son, Chri - ste, Christe e le" and "son, Chri - ste, Christe e le" respectively. The bottom staff continues with eighth-note patterns.

First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i -". The piano part includes a treble clef staff with a melodic line and a bass clef staff with a bass line. Fingering numbers are visible below the piano staves.

Second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "son, Christe e - le - i - son." The piano accompaniment includes a *forte* dynamic marking. The lyrics are: "son, Christe e - le - i - son." The piano part includes a treble clef staff with a melodic line and a bass clef staff with a bass line. Fingering numbers are visible below the piano staves.

Third system of the musical score. This system contains only the piano accompaniment. It features a treble clef staff with a melodic line and a bass clef staff with a bass line. Fingering numbers are visible below the piano staves.

Fourth system of the musical score. The vocal line begins with a *piano* dynamic marking and the lyrics: "Christe e - le - i - son, e -". The piano accompaniment includes a *piano* dynamic marking. The lyrics are: "Christe e - le - i - son, e -". The piano part includes a treble clef staff with a melodic line and a bass clef staff with a bass line. Fingering numbers are visible below the piano staves.



le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri -

i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i -

7 6 4 3 9 8 6 5 7 5 4 3 5 4 5 7



ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e -

son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e -

6 4 2 7 6 4 7 5 3 8 7 9 8 6 6 5 7 9 6



le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste,

le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - ste,

3 7 5 3 4 2 6 2 3 6 7 5 6 4 3



Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le -

Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e -

6 4 2 7 6 5 6 5 4 7 6 9 6 6 5 7 8 7 5

[illegible][illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in a three-staff format. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The middle staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in 4/4 time. The melody is written in the treble staff, and the bass line is written in the bottom staff. The middle staff contains a single note, likely a placeholder or a specific instrument part. The score includes a key signature change from one sharp to two sharps (F# and C#) in the second measure, and a time signature change from 4/4 to 3/4 in the third measure. The melody is a simple, folk-like tune, and the bass line provides a steady accompaniment.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features three staves: a treble staff with a melody in G major, and two bass staves. The first bass staff contains a simple bass line with fingerings (6, 4, 2, 5, 3, 6, 5, 6, 4, 3) and the second bass staff contains a more complex bass line with fingerings (6, 4, 2, 5, 3, 6, 5, 6, 4, 3). The score is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines.

Alla brece.

Violino I.
Flauto traverso I. II.
Oboe d'amore I. col Violino I.
Violino II.
Oboe d'amore II. col Violino II.

Viola.

Fagotti.

Soprano I. II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

First system of the musical score. It includes staves for Violino I, Flauto traverso I. II., Oboe d'amore I. col Violino I., Violino II., Oboe d'amore II. col Violino II., Viola, Fagotti, Soprano I. II., Alto, Tenore, Basso, and Continuo. The lyrics for the vocal parts are: Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son.

Second system of the musical score. It continues the musical notation for the same instruments and vocal parts. The lyrics for the vocal parts are: son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son.

[illegible]

This musical score is for a Kyrie eleison, likely from a liturgical setting. It is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score includes vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano accompaniment (Right and Left Hand). The lyrics are "Kyrie eleison" repeated throughout. The piano part features a prominent bass line in the left hand and a more active melody in the right hand. The vocal parts enter in the second measure and continue with the Kyrie eleison text. The score is presented on a single page with a large, clear font for the lyrics and musical notation.

[illegible]

Musical score for "L'Espresso" by Giuseppe Verdi. The score is written for voice and piano. The key signature is E major (three sharps: F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 3/4. The lyrics are in Italian.

The score consists of two systems. The first system shows the vocal line and the piano accompaniment. The vocal line has the lyrics: "son, e lei - - - son, e le - i - son, e le -". The piano accompaniment features a melody in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand.

The second system continues the vocal line with the lyrics: "lei, son, e le - - - i - son, e le -". The piano accompaniment continues with the same melodic and bass lines.

The score is marked with "L'Espresso" and "Giuseppe Verdi". The lyrics are: "son, e lei - - - son, e le - i - son, e le -".

i - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e -
 i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i -
 e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e -
 le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e -

9 8 7 6 7 6 6 5 6 5 6 6 5 6 7 5 6 3 8 7 8 7 2 6 6 7 7 6 5 6 6 6
 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

le - i - son,
 son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le -
 le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le -
 le - i - son,

6 5 5 6 4 3 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

[illegible]

Musical score for the opera *L'Espresso* by Giuseppe Verdi. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features a vocal line (Soprano/Alto) and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are in Italian.

Vocal Line:
 - - - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e - - - le - i - son, e -
 - - - - - son, Ry - ri - e e - le - - - i - son, e - le - - - i - son, e -
 e - e - le - - - i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ry - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ry - ri -
 lei - - - - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, Ry - ri - e e -

Piano Accompaniment:
 The piano part consists of a continuous melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The melody is characterized by eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together.

Lyrics:
 i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e -
 son, Ry - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e -
 e - e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ry - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ry - ri -
 lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, Ry - ri - e e -

The score is presented in a standard musical notation format with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 2/4. The vocal line is written on a single staff, and the piano accompaniment is written on two staves (treble and bass clef).

le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,
 le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i -
 e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e -
 le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri -

6 5 6 3 4 3 6 6 5 4 6 9 7 5 5 6 6 6 7 5 6 5 6 7 6 5

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.
 son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.
 lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son.
 e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - le - i - son.

6 7 7 6 3 6 6 6 6 3 7 6 5 9 6 7 6 6 7 6 5

B. W. VI.

GLORIA.

Firace.

Tromba I.
 Tromba II.
 Tromba III.
 Timpani.
 Flauto traverso I.
 Flauto traverso II.
 Oboe I.
 Oboe II.
 Fagotti.
 Violino I.
 Violino II.
 Viola.
 Soprano I.
 Soprano II.
 Alto.
 Tenore.
 Basso.
 Continuo.

5 2
 5 4 2
 6 6

B. W. V.

This musical score, BWV VI, is a complex piece for multiple voices and instruments. It features a variety of musical textures, including rapid sixteenth-note passages, sustained chords, and intricate melodic lines. The score is written in G major and 3/4 time. The notation includes a mix of treble and bass clefs, with some staves using a C-clef (soprano or alto) and others using a bass clef. The piece is characterized by its dense harmonic structure and the interplay between the different parts.

6 5 5 6 7 6 6 6 5 7 6

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century manuscript. It features a complex arrangement of staves. The top section consists of four staves, with the first two in treble clef and the last two in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The notation is dense, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, indicating a fast tempo. There are several dynamic markings, including 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The bottom section consists of five staves, with the first three in treble clef and the last two in bass clef. The notation is less dense, with more rests and longer note values. The overall style is characteristic of the Romantic era, with a focus on technical virtuosity and expressive dynamics.

Musical score for a Gloria in excelsis, in excelsis Deo. The score includes piano accompaniment (piano) and vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass). The key signature is D major (two sharps). The time signature is 4/4. The piano part features a complex, rhythmic accompaniment with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics "Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o,".

The lyrics are:

Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o,
 Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o,
 -ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-o,
 Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-o,
 Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o,

The score ends with a double bar line and a key signature change to D minor (two flats).

This musical score is for a piece in G major, BWV VI, from the Notebook for Anna Bach. It features a complex arrangement with multiple staves. The top section consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a complex keyboard part. Below this is a vocal part with lyrics. The bottom section consists of a grand staff with a complex keyboard part. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The lyrics are "glo - ri - a" and "glo".

glo - ri - a

glo

6 5 7 6 5 6 6 5 7 6 5

[illegible]

sis, in ex - cel - sis, glo - ri - a, glo -
 sis, in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo -
 in ex - cel - sis, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o, in ex
 sis, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis
 o, in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,

6 — 6 7 9 8 5 5 6 # 9 8 5 # 5 9 8 5

ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,
 ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,
 cel - sis De - o,
 De - o, in ex - cel - sis De - o, glo -
 glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,

6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 5 4 5 2 4 2 7 6 5

glo - ri - a,

glo - ri - a,

glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis, glo - ri - a,

ri - a in ex - cel - sis, glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis, glo - ri - a,

glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o,

7 2 6 5 6 5 2 6

glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-

glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-

glo-ri-a in ex-cel-

glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis,

glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-

5 6 6 6 6 5 6 7 9 8 5
4 4 4 4 4 4 5 7 7 6 4
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

sis, in ex-cel-sis, in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-
 sis, in ex-cel-sis, glo-ri-a, glo-
 sis, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis
 in ex-cel-sis, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-o, in ex-
 o, in ex-cel-sis De-o, glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De-o,

6 4 5 6 7 8 5 6 5 6 5

R.W. VI.

[illegible]

Musical score for "Pax hominibus bonae voluntatis" by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is for a four-part vocal setting (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a basso continuo. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The lyrics are in Latin: "pax hominibus bonae voluntatis, et in terra pax hominibus bonae voluntatis, in terra pax hominibus bonae voluntatis, et in terra pax hominibus bonae voluntatis." The score includes a basso continuo line with figured bass notation at the bottom.

This image shows a page of musical notation, likely for a piano piece. The score is written on multiple staves. The top section consists of six staves, with the first three being treble clef and the last three being bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notation is highly detailed, featuring many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together in rapid passages. There are several trills (tr) and arpeggiated figures. The bottom section of the page shows a continuation of the music, with a few staves in treble clef and one in bass clef. The overall style is that of a classical or romantic-era piano work, possibly a concerto or a large-scale sonata. The paper is aged and slightly discolored, with some visible wear and tear at the edges.

in ter-ra pax ho-mi-nibus bonae volun-ta-tis, bo-nae vo-lun-ta-et in.

6 6 6 7 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 4 5 3 6 5 5 6

ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bonae volun - ta - tis, ho - nae vo - lun - ta -

ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bonae volun - ta - tis, ho - nae vo - lun - ta

et in ter - ra

tis, in ter - ra pax ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax, pax, pax, pax, in
 tis, ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, in
 pax homi - nibus bonae volun - ta - tis, ho - nae vo - lun - ta et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni

5 6 7 6 6 5 2 5 6 5 9 8 6 5 6 5 5

ter - ra pax, pax ho - mi - nibus bonae vo - lun - ta - tis, bo -

et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - nibus bonae volun -

ter - ra pax ho - minibus bo - nae volun - ta - tis, pax homi - nibus bonae

tis, ho - minibus bo - nae volun - ta -

bus bonae volun - ta - tis, bo - nae vo - lun - ta -

6 5 6 4 5 6 7 7# 6 5 5 6 6 7 5 6 5 6 6 6

et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax homi-nibus bonae volun-ta-tis

et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax homi-nibus bonae vo-lun-ta-tis

et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax ho-mi-nibus bonae vo-lun-ta-tis

et in ter-ra pax, in ter-ra pax ho-mi-nibus bonae vo-lun-ta-tis

et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax ho-mi-nibus bonae vo-lun-ta-tis

tis, ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, et in - ter - ra pax homi - nibus bonae volun - ta - tis, ho - nae

bus ho - nae vo-lun - ta - tis, in ter - ra pax ho-mi-nibus ho - nae volun - vo - lun - ta - tis, ho-mi-nibus ho - et in ter - ra pax ho-mi-ni-bus bonae volun - ta - tis, ho - nae vo - lun - et

ta-tis, pax, pax, pax, in ter-ra pax ho-mi-
 nae vo-lun-ta-tis, in ter-ra pax ho-mi-nibus bo-nae
 ta-tis, bo-nae
 in ter-ra pax ho-mi-nibus bo-nae vo-lun-ta-tis, bo-nae

9 5 6: 6 5: 6 6: 6 4 5 3 6 5

ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax ho - mi - ni - bus

ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax ho - mi - ni - bus

ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax, pax ho - mi - ni - bus

ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax ho - mi - ni - bus ho - nae

ho - nae vo - lun - ta - tis, pax, pax,

6 7 4 5 4 7

6 7 7

7 7

bonae vo-lun-ta-tis, et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax, et

bonae vo-lun-ta-tis, et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax,

bonae vo-lun-ta-tis, in ter-ra pax, in ter-ra pax,

vo-lun-ta-tis, et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax,

pax, et in ter-ra pax, et in ter-ra pax,

This musical score is for the 'Missa Solenne' by Franz Liszt, specifically the 'Gloria' section. It is a large-scale work for voice and piano. The score is written in G major and 4/4 time. The vocal part is for a soprano, and the piano part is for a grand piano. The lyrics are in Latin, and the score includes a variety of musical notations, including treble and bass staves, clefs, key signatures, time signatures, and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and ornaments. The lyrics are: 'in ter - ra pax ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - in terra pax, et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - et in ter - ra pax, et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta - et in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra pax ho - mi - nibus bo - nae vo - lun - ta -'. The score is a complex and beautiful piece of music, and it is a great example of Liszt's talent as a composer.

tis, ho_mi_ni_bus bo - - nae vo_lun_ta - - tis, bo - nae vo - lun ta - - tis!
 - tis, et in ter - ra pax ho_mi_ni_bus bonae vo_lun ta - - tis!
 tis, bo - nae vo - lun ta - - tis!
 tis, in ter - ra pax, pax, pax ho_mi_ni_bus bonae vo_lun ta - - tis!
 tis, et in ter - ra pax, in ter - ra pax ho_mi_ni_bus bonae vo_lun ta - - tis!

6 5 6 9 6 6 6 6 5 6 4 3

ARIA.

Violino Solo.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Continuo.

The musical score is written for six parts: Violino Solo, Violino I, Violino II, Viola, Soprano II, and Continuo. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is common time (C). The score is divided into three systems of four measures each. The first system shows the Violino Solo and Continuo parts with various ornaments and fingerings. The second system includes a 'piano' marking and continues the melodic lines. The third system features more complex ornamentation and fingerings. The Continuo part includes numerous figured bass notations (e.g., 6, 6 6 6 6, 6 6, 6) indicating the harmonic structure. The Soprano II part has a few notes, while the other instruments have more extensive melodic and ornamental passages.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The system consists of five staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains a melodic line with trills (tr) and slurs. The second staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The third staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The fourth staff has a bass clef and contains a melodic line. The fifth staff has a bass clef and contains a melodic line. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#).

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The system consists of five staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains a melodic line with trills (tr) and slurs. The second staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The third staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The fourth staff has a bass clef and contains a melodic line. The fifth staff has a bass clef and contains a melodic line. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#).

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The system consists of five staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains a melodic line with trills (tr) and slurs. The second staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The third staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The fourth staff has a bass clef and contains a melodic line. The fifth staff has a bass clef and contains a melodic line. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#).

da - mus te, lau - da - mus te, be - ne -

6 6 6 7 6 7 7 6

di - cimus te, a - do - ra -

Tasto solo.

6 6

mus te, glo - ri - fica - mus te, lau - damus te, bene - dici - mus te, a - do -

6 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The vocal line begins with the lyrics "ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te;". The piano accompaniment includes a right hand with rapid sixteenth-note passages and a left hand with a steady eighth-note bass line. The word "forte" is written above the piano part on the right side of the system.

ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te; *forte*

Second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with a melodic line. The piano accompaniment features a right hand with trills and sixteenth-note patterns, and a left hand with a steady eighth-note bass line. The word "tr" is written above the right hand of the piano part.

Third system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with a melodic line. The piano accompaniment features a right hand with trills and sixteenth-note patterns, and a left hand with a steady eighth-note bass line. The word "tr" is written above the right hand of the piano part. The word "piano" is written below the piano part on the right side of the system.

piano

piano

da - - mus te, be - - ne - di - cimus te, a - do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te,

glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te;

forte

7 6 5 7 6 6 4 2 6 4 5

6 5 6 4 2 7 4 2 7 5 7 6 5 4 3 6 6 2 6 4 6

5 6 4 2 6 7 7 7 5 6 4 2 6 4 5

First system of musical notation. The piano part includes a right-hand melody and a left-hand accompaniment with trills. The voice part is on the bottom staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 3/4. The lyrics "da - - - mus te, lau -" are written below the voice staff.

Second system of musical notation. It continues the piano and voice parts from the first system. The piano part has a right-hand melody and a left-hand accompaniment. The voice part continues with the lyrics "da - - mus te, lau - da - - mus te, lau -". The key signature remains two sharps, and the time signature is 3/4.

Third system of musical notation. It continues the piano and voice parts. The piano part has a right-hand melody and a left-hand accompaniment. The voice part continues with the lyrics "da - - - mus te, be-ne-di-cimus te, a-do-ra-mus te, glo -". The key signature remains two sharps, and the time signature is 3/4.

ri - fi - ca - mus te, lau - da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, a -

mus, gle - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

mus, gle - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

Alla breve.

Tromba I.
Tromba II.
Tromba III.
Timpani.
Oboe I.
Oboe II.
Violino I.
Flauto traverso I. II.
col Violino I.
Violino II.
Viola.
Fagotti.
Soprano I. II.
Alto.
Tenore.
Basso.
Continuo.

Gra - - - tias a - - - ginus ti - -
 Gra - - - tias a - - - ginus ti - bi
 Gra - - - tias a - - - ginus ti - bi pro -
 Gra - - - tias a - - - ginus ti - bi pro-pter magnam

6 5 6 5 6 6 7 8 6 4 7 6 7 4 6
 2 4 3 1 2 3 4 3 4 2 5

bi pro - pter magnam glo - riam tu - am, gra -

pro - pter magnam glo - riam tu - am,

- pter magnam glo - riam tu - am, gra -

glo - riam tu - am, gra - tias

1 6 6 6 5 7 4 8 5 6 2 6 5 7 6 6 5 2

gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi,

gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi,

ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi,

a - gi - mus ti - bi

pro - pter magnam glo -

6 1 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 9 6 6 6 6 6 7

2 5 1 4 4 2 3 4 4 5 5 2 3 2

[illegible]

B. W. VI.

[illegible]

- - pter magnam glo - - - riam tu - am, gra - - - ti-as
 glo - ri - am tu - am, gra - - - tias a - - - gimusti - -
 am, propter magnam glo - riam tu - am, gra - - - tias a - - - gimus
 - - - riam tu - am, pro - pter magnam glo - riam tu - am,

a - - ginus ti - bi pro - pter magnam gloriam tu - am, gra - - ti - as a - - ginus
 bi propter magnam glo - riam tu - - am, gra - - tias a - - ginus ti - -
 ti - bi, gra - - tias a - - ginus tibi propter ma - gnam glo - -
 gra - - ti - as a - - ginus ti - bi pro - pter magnam gloriam tu -

6 4 3 6 6 7 6 5 6 6 6 5 6 5
 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2

ti - bi, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi pro - riam tu - am, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus ti - bi, a - gi-mus am, gra - ti-as a - gi-mus

6 5 4 7 5 6 6 6 7 6 7 5 6 6 5 6 5 9 4 7 5 6 5 3 6 2 6

bi pro - pter magnam glo - riam tu - am, pro - pter magnam gloriam tu - am, gra -
 - pter magnam glo - riam tu - am, pro - pter magnam glo - ri - am tu - am,
 ti - bi pro - pter ma - gnā glo - riam tu - am, pro - pter magnam glo - ri - am tu - am,
 ti - bi pro - pter magnam glo -

7 6 4 3 6 6 9 6 6 6 2 3 6 7 4 3

tu - am, pro - pter ma - gnam glo - riam tu - am.

- - - tias a - - gimus ti - bi pro - pter ma - gnam glo - riam tu - - am.

gra - ti - as a - - gimus tibi propter ma - gnam glo - riam tu - - am.

- riam tu - am, pro - pter magnam glo - riam tu - - am.

6 6 6 5 6 6 9 8 7 6 7 6 6 5 II
1 1 1 3 4 2 5 4 3 2 1 2 1 2

DUETTO.

Flauto traverso.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano I.

Tenore.

Continuo.

con sordino

con sordino

con sordino

pizzicato



First system of a musical score. It consists of five staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second and third staves are grand staves (treble and bass clefs). The fourth and fifth staves are grand staves (treble and bass clefs). The music is written in a complex, fast-paced style with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The bottom staff has figured bass notation below it.

Figured bass notation (bottom staff):

7 2 6 4 7 2 4 3 2 1 7 2 6 4 3 2 5 6 4



Second system of a musical score. It consists of five staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second and third staves are grand staves (treble and bass clefs). The fourth and fifth staves are grand staves (treble and bass clefs). The music is written in a complex, fast-paced style with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The bottom staff has figured bass notation below it.

Figured bass notation (bottom staff):

1 6 4 6 2 6 4 2 6 2 7 6 7 4 4 3 6 5 7 2

piano

Do - mi - ne Fi - li - u - ni - ge -

Do - mi - ne De - us, rex coe - le

piano

6 6 6 3 3 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

forte

forte

forte

forte

ni - te Je - su Chri - ste al - tis - si - me!

stis, De - us Pa - ter o - mni - po - tens!

forte

7 6 6 3 3 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 3 3 7

[illegible]

Musical score for "Kyrie eleison" by J. S. Bach, BWV 226. The score is for a four-part vocal setting (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a basso continuo. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The lyrics are in Latin: "Kyrie eleison, Kyrie eleison, Kyrie eleison." The score is divided into three systems. The first system shows the vocal entries. The second system shows the vocal parts singing "Kyrie eleison". The third system shows the vocal parts singing "Kyrie eleison".

tis - si - me, Do - mi - ne Fi - li, Do -
 mi - po - tens, De - us Pa - ter, Do -

6 9 8 6 4 5 3 5 5 5 5 9 8 6 5 6 9 8 9 8

- - - mine Fi - li u - ni - ge - ni - te Je - su Christe altis - si - me, Je - su Christe
 - - - mine De - us, rex coe - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter omni - po - tens, De - us Pa - ter

9 6 5 6 4 5 6 5 3 6 5 6 4 5 6 5 6 4 5

al-tis-si-me! Domine De - - us, rex coele - stis, Do - - mi-ne

o-mni-po-tens! Domine Fi-li u-ni-ge-ni-te, Do - - mi-ne De-us, rex coe-

6 5 7 6 7 4 6 7 4 3 2 3

Fi-li u-ni-ge-ni-te Je-su Chri-ste al-tis-sime, Do-mi-ne Fi-li u-ni-

lestis, Deus Pa-ter o-mni-potens, o-mni-po-tens, Do-mi-ne Deus,

6 4 3 4 3 6 4 6 7 6 4 6 6

ge-ni-te Je - su Chri - ste al-tis-si-me, Je - su Chri - ste al - tis - si -

rex coe - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter om-ni-po-tens, De - us Pa-ter o-mni - po-

6 7 4 3 6 7 6 4 3 7 6 6 2 6 4 3

forte

forte

forte

forte

me!

tens!

forte

6 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 6

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 5



First system of a musical score. It features a grand staff with five staves. The top four staves (treble and bass clefs) contain complex melodic and harmonic lines with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The fifth staff, at the bottom, is marked *Tasto solo.* and contains a simple bass line. Fingering numbers (7, 6, 6, 7, 6) are visible below the bottom staff.



Second system of the musical score, continuing the same five-staff layout. The notation is dense with rapid passages in the upper staves. The bottom staff continues the bass line. Fingering numbers (6, 5, 3, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6) are visible below the bottom staff.

piano

Do - - mine De - - us,

Do - - mine De - - us,

7 7 6 7 4 3 6 7 6 4 7 7 2 3 4 6 4 3

tr

a - - gnus De - i, Do - mi - ne De - - us, agnus De - i, a - - gnus De - - i,

tr

a - - gnus De - i, Do - - mine De - - us, a - - gnus De - i, a - - gnus De - - i,

6 7 6 5 6 4 5 6 4 5 6 4 5 6 4 5 6 4 5

[illegible]

Do - mine De - us, a - gnus De - i, Do - mine De - us, a - gnus De - i, Do - mi-ne De -

a-gnus De - i, a - gnus De - i, Fi-lius Pa - tris, Domine De-us, agnus

- us, agnus De - i, a - gnus De - i, Fi-lius Pa - tris, Domine De-us, agnus

De-i, agnus De-i, Do-mine De-us, a - gnus De - i, Fi - li-us Pa - tris!

De-i, agnus De-i, Do-mine De-us, a - gnus De-i, Fi - li-us Pa - tris!

Lento.

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Violoncello.

Continuo.

senza sordino

senza sordino

senza sordino

Qui

Qui tol - lis - pec - ea - ta mun - di, misere - re no - bis,

Qui tol - lis pec - ea - ta mun - di, misere - re

coll'arco e staccato

6 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

tol - lis pec - ea - ta mun - di,

mi - se - re - re

no - bis, mi - se - re

Qui tol - lis pec - ea - ta

5 5 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

mi-se-re-re no-bis, qui tol-lis pee-no-bis, mi-se-re-re, qui re-re, mun-di, mi-se-re-re no-bis,

6 5 4 3 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

ca-ta mun-di, mi-se-re-re tol-lis pee-ca-ta mun-di, qui tol-lis pee-ca-ta

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32

no bis, mi se re re

mi se re re

mun di, mi se re re no

ta mun di, mi se re re no

9 8 7 6 4 3 2

no bis, mi se re re, mi se re re

no bis, mi se re re no bis, mi se re

bis, mi se re re no bis, mi se re

bis, mi se re re, mi se re re no

3 6 6 6 8 7 6 5 6 5 7 7

no bis! Qui tol lis pec ea ta

tol lis pec ea ta mun di, su sei pe de pre ca ti

sei-pe de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem, de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem
 pe de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem no-stram, de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem,
 o-nem, su-sei-pe de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem,
 o-nem no-stram, de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem,

no-stram, de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem no-stram, su-sei-
 o-nem, de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem no-stram, su-sei-
 o-nem, de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem no-stram,
 de-pre-ca-ti-o-nem no-stram,

pe de - pre - ca - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram,

pe de - pre - ca - - - - - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram,

su - - - - - sei pe de - pre - ca - - - - - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram,

su - - - - - sei pe de - pre - ca - - - - - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram,

7 9 8 3 6 5 9 8 7

de - - - - - pre - ca - - - - - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram!

de - - - - - pre - ca - - - - - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram!

de - - - - - pre - ca - - - - - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram!

de - - - - - pre - ca - - - - - ti o - - - - - nem no - - - - - stram!

7 6 5 9 8 5 7 4 3

ARIA.

Oboe d'amore.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Alto.

Continuo.

6 4 5 7 6 5 6 6 7 6 7

7 3 7 4 2 6 7 6 4 6 4 2 6 7 5

6 6 7 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 4 2 6 6 6 6 6 7

First system of the musical score. It features five staves: two grand staves (treble and bass clef) and three bass staves (bass clef). The music is in G major (one sharp). Dynamics include *piano*, *forte*, and *pianissimo*. The lyrics "Qui se" are written below the bottom staff.

Second system of the musical score. It continues the five-staff arrangement. Dynamics include *pianissimo* and *piano*. The lyrics "des ad dextram Patris, qui se" are written below the bottom staff.

Third system of the musical score. It continues the five-staff arrangement. Dynamics include *pianissimo* and *piano*. The lyrics "des ad dextram Patris, ad dex - - tram Pa - - tris, mi - se - re - re" are written below the bottom staff.

— no — his!

forte *forte* *piano* *piano* *forte* *forte* *forte* *piano* *piano*

Qui se

piano

RAWAL

Detailed description: This is a musical score for piano and voice, spanning measures 1 to 15. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features a piano accompaniment with five staves (treble and bass clefs for the right and left hands) and a vocal line. The piano part includes complex textures with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together. The vocal line has lyrics in Italian: "no his!" (measures 1-5), "Qui se" (measures 11-13), and "Qui se" (measures 14-15). Dynamic markings include *forte* and *piano*. Fingering numbers (1-5) are provided for many of the piano's notes. The score is divided into three systems of five staves each.

System 1: Piano introduction and vocal entry. The piano part features a complex rhythmic pattern in the right hand and a more melodic line in the left hand. The vocal part enters with the lyrics "des ad dex-tram Patris, mi-se-re-re". Dynamics include *piano* and *pianissimo*. A trill (tr) is marked on the piano part.

Lyrics: - des ad dex-tram Patris, mi-se-re-re

System 2: Continuation of the piano and vocal parts. The piano part continues with intricate textures. The vocal part continues with the lyrics "nobis, qui se-des ad dextram Pa-tris, mi-". Dynamics include *pianissimo*.

Lyrics: nobis, qui se-des ad dextram Pa-tris, mi-

System 3: Continuation of the piano and vocal parts. The piano part features a more active texture. The vocal part continues with the lyrics "se-re-re no-bis,". Dynamics include *forte*.

Lyrics: se-re-re no-bis,

Musical score for the first system, measures 1-5. The score is written for a piano and voice. The piano part consists of five staves. The first two staves are in treble clef, and the last three are in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked *piano* and *forte*. The lyrics are: *mi- se-re*.

Musical score for the second system, measures 6-10. The score continues from the first system. The piano part consists of five staves. The first two staves are in treble clef, and the last three are in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked *piano*. The lyrics are: *re nobis, mi- se-re re no-bis, qui se-*.

Musical score for the third system, measures 11-15. The score continues from the second system. The piano part consists of five staves. The first two staves are in treble clef, and the last three are in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked *piano* and *pianissimo*. The lyrics are: *des ad dextram Patris, mi- se-re re no-bis, qui*.

First system of the musical score. It consists of five staves. The top staff is a single melodic line. The second and third staves are a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The fourth and fifth staves are another grand staff (treble and bass clef). The music is in 2/4 time and D major. The first staff has a series of eighth notes. The second and third staves have a series of eighth notes. The fourth and fifth staves have a series of eighth notes. The first staff has a series of eighth notes. The second and third staves have a series of eighth notes. The fourth and fifth staves have a series of eighth notes.

Second system of the musical score. It consists of five staves. The top staff is a single melodic line. The second and third staves are a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The fourth and fifth staves are another grand staff (treble and bass clef). The music is in 2/4 time and D major. The first staff has a series of eighth notes. The second and third staves have a series of eighth notes. The fourth and fifth staves have a series of eighth notes. The first staff has a series of eighth notes. The second and third staves have a series of eighth notes. The fourth and fifth staves have a series of eighth notes.

forte

des ad dex - tram Pa - tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis!

forte

Third system of the musical score. It consists of five staves. The top staff is a single melodic line. The second and third staves are a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The fourth and fifth staves are another grand staff (treble and bass clef). The music is in 2/4 time and D major. The first staff has a series of eighth notes. The second and third staves have a series of eighth notes. The fourth and fifth staves have a series of eighth notes. The first staff has a series of eighth notes. The second and third staves have a series of eighth notes. The fourth and fifth staves have a series of eighth notes.

forte

ARIA.

Corno da caccia.

Fagotto I.

Fagotto II.

Basso.

Continuo.

Quo - - ni - am tu so - - - lus



First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "san - ctus, tu so - lus sanctus, tu so - lus Do - mi - nus, tu solus san -". The piano part includes trills (tr) in the right hand and arpeggiated figures in the left hand. Fingering numbers (6, 5, 7, 6, 6, 5, 7, 7, 6, 7, 7) are written below the piano part.



Second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "- ctus, tu so - lus Do - minus, tu so -". The piano accompaniment continues with arpeggiated figures. Fingering numbers (5, 6, 7, 6, 5, 6, 6, 7, 5, 6, 5, 6, 5, 6, 5) are written below the piano part.



Third system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "- lus, so - lus Domi - nus, tu so - lus sanctus, tu so - lus Dominus;". The piano accompaniment includes trills (tr) in the right hand and arpeggiated figures in the left hand. Fingering numbers (6, 6, 6, 6, 5, 6, 6, 5, 6, 5, 6, 5, 7, 9, 7, 7, 7, 6, 5, 5, 4, 2, 6, 6) are written below the piano part.

First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part consists of two staves: the upper staff has a treble clef and the lower staff has a bass clef. Both staves are in G major (one sharp). The vocal line is in bass clef. The lyrics are: "quo - ni - am tu so - lus san - ctus, tu solus san -". The piano accompaniment includes trills (tr) in the upper right hand and the lower left hand. Fingering numbers are provided below the piano staves.

Second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "ctus, tu solus Do - minus, tu so - lus, solus". The piano accompaniment continues with trills and arpeggiated figures. Fingering numbers are provided below the piano staves.

Third system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "san - ctus, tu so - lus Domi - nus,". The piano accompaniment includes trills and arpeggiated figures. The word *forte* is written above the piano staves. Fingering numbers are provided below the piano staves.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written for five parts: Treble Clef (Soprano), Bass Clef (Alto), Bass Clef (Tenor), Bass Clef (Bass), and Bass Clef (Double Bass). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4. The melody is in the Treble Clef. The lyrics are written below the Bass Clef parts. The score is divided into five measures, each containing a different musical phrase. The lyrics are: 'The Rose Tree', 'The Rose Tree', 'The Rose Tree', 'The Rose Tree', 'The Rose Tree'.

The image shows a page from a musical score for J. S. Bach's 'Agnus Dei' (BWV 1068). The score is for a three-part setting in G major, featuring three voices (Soprano, Alto, and Tenor/Bass) and a basso continuo line. The lyrics are 'tu so-lus al-tis-si-mus Je-su Chri-ste, tu, tu so-lus al-'. The music is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The Soprano part is in the top staff, the Alto part in the second staff, and the Tenor/Bass part in the third staff. The basso continuo line is in the bottom staff. The lyrics are written below the Tenor/Bass staff. The score is for measures 1 through 5. The lyrics are 'tu so-lus al-tis-si-mus Je-su Chri-ste, tu, tu so-lus al-'. The music is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The Soprano part is in the top staff, the Alto part in the second staff, and the Tenor/Bass part in the third staff. The basso continuo line is in the bottom staff. The lyrics are written below the Tenor/Bass staff. The score is for measures 1 through 5. The lyrics are 'tu so-lus al-tis-si-mus Je-su Chri-ste, tu, tu so-lus al-'. The music is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The Soprano part is in the top staff, the Alto part in the second staff, and the Tenor/Bass part in the third staff. The basso continuo line is in the bottom staff. The lyrics are written below the Tenor/Bass staff.

The image shows a page from a musical score for Johann Sebastian Bach's 'Gloria in excelsis Deo', BWV 141. The score is for a three-part setting (Soprano, Alto, and Tenor/Bass) and includes figured bass. The lyrics are: 'tissimus, tu so-lus al-tis-si-mus Je-su Chri-ste, Je-'. The music is in G major and 3/4 time. The figured bass is written in a system below the vocal parts, with figures such as 7, 6, 7, 5, 7, 6, 5, 6, 5, 7, 4, 6, 4, 2, 6, 6, 5, 7, 2, 5, 3, 6, 5, 3, 4, 2, 6, 5.

su Chri-ste, Je - su Chri-ste;

forte

tr

forte

piano

piano

tu so-lus al-tis-si-mus Je - su Chri-ste, tu, tu so-lus al-

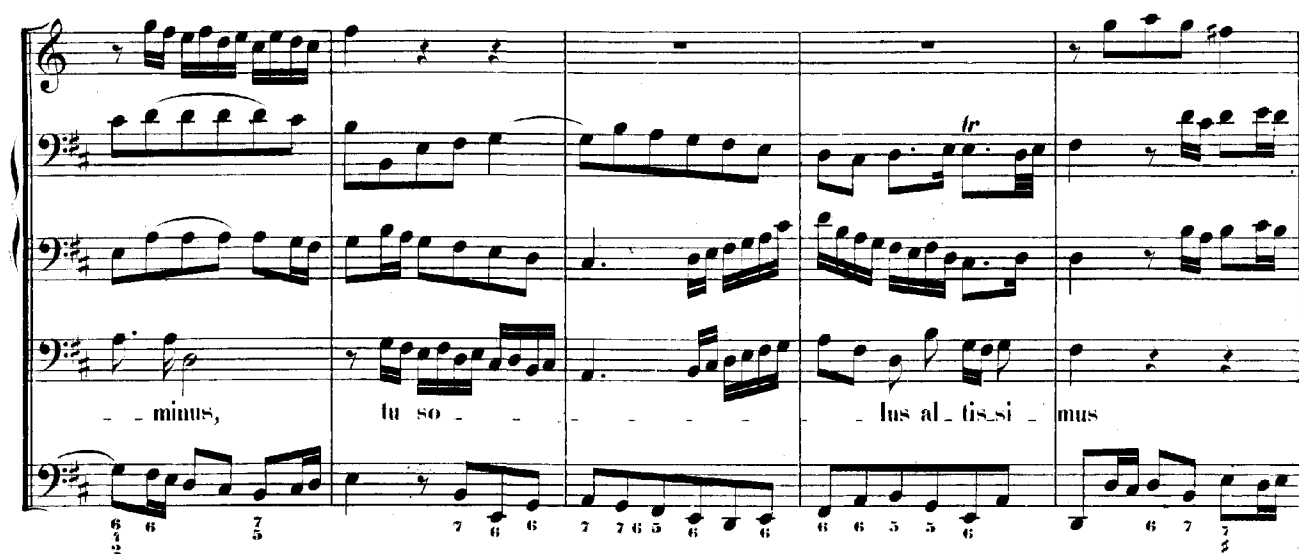
tis - si - mus, tu so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste,

Je - su Chri - ste, Je - su Chri - ste, quo - ni -

am - tu so - lus san - ctus, tu so - lus, tu so - lus Do - mi -



First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line has lyrics: "nus, tu solus san - etus, tu solus Do -". The piano accompaniment includes trills (tr) and various chordal textures. Fingering numbers (6, 5, 7, 4, 3, 5, 7, 6, 5) are present below the piano part.



Second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with lyrics: "minus, tu so - lus al - tis-si - mus". The piano accompaniment features more complex textures, including trills (tr). Fingering numbers (6, 4, 2, 6, 7, 5, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 6, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7, 2) are present below the piano part.



Third system of the musical score. The vocal line concludes with lyrics: "Je - su Chri - ste, solus Do -". The piano accompaniment continues with complex textures. Fingering numbers (7, 2, 7, 8, 3, 3, 7, 5, 6, 5, 5, 6, 5, 6, 5, 2, 5, 7) are present below the piano part.

First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "minus, tu so - lus al - tis - si - mus Je - su Chri - ste." The piano part includes trills (tr) and a forte (forte) dynamic marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano accompaniment features several trills (tr) and a forte (forte) dynamic marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Third system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano accompaniment features a trill (tr) and a forte (forte) dynamic marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Vivace.

(Corno da caccia.)

(Tromba.)

Tromba I.
 Tromba II.
 Tromba III.
 Timpani.
 Flauto traverso I.
 Flauto traverso II.
 Oboe I.
 Oboe II.
 Fagotti.
 Violino I.
 Violino II.
 Viola.
 Soprano I.
 Soprano II.
 Alto.
 Tenore.
 Basso.
 Continuo.

unisono
 Cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i
 Patris, in glo-ria De-i
 Cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i
 Patris, in glo-ria De-i
 Cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i
 Patris, in glo-ria De-i

6 7

Pa - tris, cum sancto Spi - ri

Pa - tris,

Pa - tris, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris,

Pa - tris, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris,

Pa - tris, cum sancto Spi - ri

4/4 4/4 6/8 6/8 6/8 7/8 6/8 5/4

tu in glo-ria De-i Patris, in glo-ria De-i Pa - - - -

cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i Pa - - - -

in glo-ria De-i Patris, in glo-ria De-i Pa - - - -

cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria De-i Pa - - - -

tu in glo-ria De-i Patris, in glo-ria De-i Pa - - - -

6 5 7 # 6 4 6 4

[illegible]

This musical score is for a choral and piano arrangement. It features a piano accompaniment in the upper staves and vocal parts in the lower staves. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 4/4. The piano part includes a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a more rhythmic bass line in the left hand. The vocal parts enter in the second measure with the lyrics "Dei Patris in gloria". The score is divided into four measures, each containing a system of staves. The bottom of the page includes a series of numbers: 7, 7, 6, 6, 5, 5, 7, 6, 6, 5, 6, 7, 6, 6, 5, which likely correspond to fingerings or other performance instructions.

Dei Pa tris, in glo
Dei Pa tris, in glo
tu in glo

7 7 6 6 5 5 7 6 6 5 6 7 6 6 5

B.W.V.I.

The image shows a page of musical notation for a choir and piano. The notation is arranged in two main sections. The top section contains the vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and the piano accompaniment. The bottom section contains the piano accompaniment and the vocal parts. The lyrics "ri - a De - i Pa" are visible under the vocal parts.

B.W.VI.

tris, in glo

tris, in glo

tris, in glo

tris, in glo

tris, in glo

6 4 2 6

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of 12 staves, with the top four staves likely representing vocal parts and the bottom eight staves representing instrumental parts. The second system continues the arrangement with 12 staves, including vocal parts with lyrics. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The lyrics are in Latin, specifically the Gloria section of the Mass. The instrumental parts feature intricate rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The vocal parts have lyrics that are partially obscured by the musical notation.

ria De i
ria De i
ria De i Pa-tris, De i
ria De i Pa-tris, De i
ria De i

Pa - tris, A - men.

Pa - tris, A - men.

Pa - tris, A - men.

Pa - tris, A - men. Cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo -

5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

Cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo -
- ria Dei Patris, A - men, A -

6 6 6 6 6 7

ria De-i Patris, A-men, A - men, A - men, cum sancto Spi - ri-tu in

2 5 5 7 7 6 6 5 6 2

glo - ria De-i Pa-tris, A - men, A -

Cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo -

men, cum sancto Spi -

ri - tu in glo - ria De-i Pa-tris, A - men, A -

Cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in

7 6 9 8 7 6 6 6 6

[illegible]

men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

A-men, A-men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

A-men, A-men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

A-men, A-men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

A-men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

men, ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

4
5

7
7

A - - men, cum sancto Spi-ri -

A - - men, cum sancto Spi-ri -

A - - men, cum sancto Spi-ri -

A - - men, cum sancto Spi-ri -

A - - men, cum sancto Spi-ri -

7
7

tu, A - - men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, in glo -

tu, A - - men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, in glo -

tu, A - - men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, in glo -

tu, A - - men, in glo-ria De-i Pa-tris, in

6 4 6 4 7 6 7 6 5

This musical score is for a piece in B major, 3/4 time, BWV VI. It begins with a piano introduction consisting of 16 measures. The introduction features a right-hand melody of eighth-note triplets and a left-hand accompaniment of eighth-note chords. Following the introduction, the vocal parts enter in measure 17. The Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass parts all sing the phrase "ri - a De - i Pa" in a homophonic setting. The piano accompaniment continues with a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a more active eighth-note melody in the left hand. The score is written for four voices and piano.

ri - a De - i Pa

ri - a De - i Pa

ri - a De - i Pa

glo - ri - a De - i Pa

glo - ri - a De - i Pa

6 4 2

5 2

6 4

5 2

tris, cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in glo-ria Dei Pa-tris;

tris, in glo-ria Dei Pa-tris;

tris, in glo-ria Dei Pa-tris;

tris, in glo-ria Dei Pa-tris;

tris, in glo-ria Dei Pa-tris;

6 4 2 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 7 6 7 6 5

ria De-i Patris, A-mea, A -
 cum sancto Spi-ri - tu in glo -
 cum san-cto Spi - ri - tu in glo -
 cum san-cto Spi-ri - tu, in glo -

7 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

ria De-i Pa-tris, cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in glo-

men, cum sancto Spi-ri-tu in

ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-

ria De-i Pa-tris, De-i Pa-tris, cum sancto Spi-ri-tu,

6 4 2 6 6 6 4 3 5 6 4 2 6 4 3 5

B.W.V.

tu in glo - - - ria De-i Pa-tris, A - men, cum sancto Spi-ri -

- - - ria De-i Pa - - - tris, A - men, cum sancto

- - - men,

glo - - - ria De-i Patris, A - men, A

cum

7 7 7 6 9 7 6 5 7 7 6 6 6 6 6 6

tu in glo - ria De - i Pa -

Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris,

cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A - men,

san - cto Spi - ri - tu,

6 6 6 6 7 7 6 9 7 6 6 6 8 7 7 7 6 7 5

This page contains the musical notation for a choir setting of the Gloria Patri. The score is written for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano accompaniment. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is common time (C). The lyrics are as follows:

tris, cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De-i Pa - tris, A -
 A - men, A -
 A - - - men, cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De-i Patris,
 - - - men, A - - - men, A -
 cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo -

men, in glo - ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, in glo -

men, in glo -

A - men, A - men, A - men, A -

ria De-i Pa-tris, A - men, cum sancto Spi - ri - tu in glo - ria De-i Patris,

6 5 7 7 6 6 6 5 7 7 7

ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men,

ria De-i Pa-tris, A-men, A-men,

men, A-men, A-men, A-men,

men, A-men, A-men,

A-men, A-men,

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of a piano introduction with four staves: two grand staves (treble and bass clef) and two single staves (treble and bass clef). The piano part features arpeggiated chords in the right hand and sustained chords in the left hand. The second system introduces a vocal part with five staves. The first four staves are vocal staves (treble clef) with lyrics 'in glo-ria De-i Pa'. The fifth staff is a piano accompaniment (bass clef) for the vocal part. The vocal part enters with a melodic line in the first voice, followed by the second, third, and fourth voices. The piano accompaniment for the vocal part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The score concludes with a final piano accompaniment staff (bass clef) and a final chord.

in glo-ria De-i Pa

in glo-ria De-i Pa

in glo-ria De-i Pa

in glo-ria De-i Pa

in glo-ria De-i Pa

6
3
2

6
3

6
3

6
3

This musical score page, numbered 152, contains a piano introduction and a vocal entry. The piano part is written for a grand piano with two staves (treble and bass clef) and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The introduction consists of four measures of arpeggiated chords. The vocal entry begins in the fifth measure with the lyrics "tris, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A -". The vocal line is written in a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The piano accompaniment continues with a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and slurs. At the bottom of the page, there are some small numbers: 6, 4, 2, 6, 5, 6, 5, 6.

tris, in glo -

tris, in glo - ria De - i Pa - tris, A -

tris, in glo -

tris, in glo -

tris, in glo -

6 4 2 6 5 6 5 6

men, A - men, in glo - ri a De - i Pa - tris, in glo - ri a De - i Pa - tris, A -

5 6 7 7

tris, A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Patris, A - men.
 tris, A - men, Amen, in glo - ri - a De - i Patris, A - men.
 A - men, A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Patris, A - men.
 De - i Pa - tris, De - i Patris, Amen, in glo - ri - a De - i Patris, A - men.
 men, in glo - ri - a De - i Patris, A - men.

7 7 7 7 7 6 5 5 7 6 4 3 7

do in, u - - num De - um, in unum De - um, in u - num De -

cre - do in u - num De - um, in unum De - um, in u - num De - - - um,

- - num De - - um, in unum De - um, cre - do in unum De - um, in

um, in u - num De - - - - um, cre - do in unum De - -

um, cre - do, cre - do in unum De - um, in u - num De - - -

De - um, in unum De - um, in unum De - - - am, in u - num De - um,

in u - - - num De - - - um, cre - do in

u - num De - - um, cre - do

- - um, in u - num De - - - - um, cre - do in unum De -

um, ere - do in unum De - um, ia u - num De - um,

in u - num De - um,

u - num De - um, ere - do in u -

in u - num De - um, in u - num De - um, in u -

um, ere - do, ere - do in u - num De - um,

ere - do in

ere - do in u - num De -

num De - um, in u - num De - um, in u - num De - um, in u -

um De - um, in u - num De - um, ere - do in

ere - do in u - num De - um, ere - do in u - num,

u - num De - um, ere - do in u - num De - um, ere - do in

um, in unum De - um, ere - do in unum De - um, in

- num De - um, in u - num De - um, ere -

u - num De - um, in u - num De - um, in u - num De -

- in u - num De - um, in u - num De - um,

u - num De - um, in unum De - um, ere - do in

u - num De - um, in u - num De - um, ere - do in

- do in u - num De - um, ere - do in

um, ere - do in u - num De - um, ere - do

ere - do

u - num De - um, in u - num De - um, cre - do

u - num De - um, cre - do, cre - do in u - num De -

u - num De - um, cre - do in u - num De - um,

in u - num De - um, cre - do, cre - do in u - num De -

in u - num De - um,

in u - num De - um, cre - do in u - num De - um.

um, in u - num De - um, cre - do in unum De - um.

in u - num De - um, cre - do in u - num De - um.

- um, in u - num De - um, cre - do, cre - do in u - num De - um.

in u - num, in u - num, in u - num De - um.

Tromba I.
 Tromba II.
 Tromba III.
 Timpani.
 Oboe I.
 Oboe II.
 Violino I.
 Violino II.
 Viola.
 Soprano I. II.
 Alto.
 Tenore.
 Basso.
 Continuo.

Cre - do in unum Deum, cre - do
 Cre - do in unum Deum, cre - do
 Cre - do in unum Deum, cre - do
 Pa - trem o - mni-po - ten - tem, factorem coe - li et ter - rae, factorem

in u-num Deum, cre-do in unum Deum,

in u-num Deum, cre-do Pa-trem o-mnipo-ten-tem, fa-ctorem

Pa-trem o-mnipo-ten-tem, fa-ctorem coe-li et ter-rae, fa-cto-

coe-li et ter-rae, fa-cto-rem coe-li et ter-rae, visi-bi-lium o-

Pa - trem o - mni-po-ten - tem, fa - cto-rem coe - li et
 coe - li et ter - rae, fa - ctorem coe - li et terrae, fa - cto - rem coe -
 - rem coe - li et ter - rae, visi - bi - lium o - mni - um, visi bi - lium o - mni - um et in -
 - mium et in - vi - si - bi - li - um;

ter - - rae, fa - cto - - - rem coe - li et ter - rae, fa - cto - - -

li et ter - rae, fa - cto - - - rem coe - - - li et ter - rae, visi - bi - - lium o -

vi - si - bi - li - um, fa - cto - - - - - rem coe - - - li et terrae, visi - bi - li - um o -

Pa - trem o - mni - po - ten - tem, fac - to - rem coe - li et ter - - rae, fa - cto - -

- rem coe - li et ter - rae, visi - bi - lium o -
 - mium et in - visi - bi - li - um, fa - cto -
 - mium et in - visi - bi - li - um, fac - to - rem, fa - cto - rem coe - li et ter - rae,
 - rem coe - li et ter - rae, fa - cto - rem coe - li et ter - rae, vi - si -

musical score for "Gloria in excelsis Deo" by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is written for a large ensemble, including vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and instrumental parts (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Trumpet, Trombone, Cello, Double Bass). The music is in G major and 3/4 time. The lyrics are in Latin, and the score includes a vocal line with lyrics and a basso continuo line.

The lyrics are:

...mni-um et in - visi-bi - li-um, Patrem o-mni-po-ten-tem, fa-ctorem
 rae, vi - si - bi-li-um o-mni-um et in-vi - si - bi - li-um;
 vi - si - bi - li-um o - mni-um et in-vi - si - bi - li - um;
 bi - li - um o - mni-um et in-vi-si-bi-li - um, et in - visi-bi-li-um;

The musical score is for BWV 117, a setting of the Credo. It begins with a complex instrumental introduction in the right hand of the keyboard, featuring rapid sixteenth-note passages and trills. The vocal parts enter in the third measure. The score is written for four voices: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass. The lyrics are in Latin, and the music is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The vocal parts are arranged in a four-part setting, with the Soprano and Alto parts often having more melodic lines, and the Tenor and Bass parts providing harmonic support. The instrumental parts are also written for the right and left hands of the keyboard, with the right hand often playing more complex figures and the left hand providing a steady bass line.

coe - li et ter - - rae, fa - cto - - rem coe - li et ter - rae, fa -
 cre - do Patrem o - mnipo - ten - tem, fa - cto - rem coe - li et ter - - rae, fa -
 cre - do in u - num Deum, - Patrem o - mni - po - ten -
 cre - do in u - num Deum, cre - do

eto - - - rem coe - li et ter - rae, vi - si - bi - lium o -

eto - - - rem coe - li et ter - rae, vi - si - bi - li - um et in - visi - bi - li -

tem, fa - ctorem coe - li et ter - rae, fa - ctorem coe - li et ter -

in u - num Deum, Patrem o - mnipo - tem, facto - rem coe - li et ter - rae, coe -

The musical score is for BWV VI, a piece from the Notebook for Anna Bach. It begins with a piano introduction in D major, 3/4 time, consisting of 16 measures. The introduction features a flowing sixteenth-note pattern in the right hand and a steady eighth-note accompaniment in the left hand. Following the introduction, the vocal melody enters in measure 17. The lyrics are in Latin and describe the creation of the world. The score is written for a single voice part, with the piano introduction preceding the vocal entry.

- mium et in - vi - si - bi - li - um, fa - cto - rem coe - li et
 um o - mni - um, vi - si - bi - li - um et in - vi - si - bi - li - um o -
 - rae, vi - si - bilium o - mni - um, fa - cto - rem coe -
 - li et terrae, coe - li et ter - rae, vi - si - bi - lium o - mium et

ter - rae, Pa - trem o - mnipo - ten - tem, facto - rem coe - li et ter - rae, visi - bi -

- mni - um, fa - cto - rem coe - li et ter - rae, et ter - rae, visi -

li et ter - rae, fa - cto - rem coe - li et ter - rae,

in - vi - si - bi - li - um, in - vi - si - bi - li - um,

- lium omni - um et in - vi - si - bi - li - um, et in - vi - si - bi - li - um, vi - si - bi - li - um et
 bi - lium omni - um et in - vi - si - bi - li - um, vi - si - bi - lium o -
 vi - si - bi - lium omni - um et in - vi - si - bi - li - um, et in - vi - si - bi - li - um, vi - si -
 vi - si - bi - lium o - mni - um et in -

in_visi - li - um, visi - lium o - - - - - mni - um et invi - si - bi - li - um.

- - - - - mni - um et invi - si - bi - li - um.

bi - li - um o - - - - - mni - um et in_visi - bi - li - um.

- visi - lium o - - - - - mni - um, et invi - si - bi - li - um.

DUETTO.

Andante.

Oboe d'amore I.

Oboe d'amore II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Continuo.

Musical score for the first system. The piano accompaniment consists of four staves (treble and bass clefs). The vocal parts are on two staves (treble and bass clefs). The lyrics are:

Et in unum, in unum Do

piano

Musical score for the second system. The piano accompaniment continues on four staves. The vocal parts continue on two staves. The lyrics are:

minum Je - sum Christum, Je -

minum Je - sum Christum,

piano

sum, Je - - sum Chri - stum, Fi - lium De - i u - ni - genitum,
 Je - sum, Je - sum Chri - stum, Fi - lium De - i u - ni -

et in u - num Do - - - - - minum Je - - - - - sum Christum.
 genitum, et in u - num Do - - - - - minum Je - - - - - sum Christum,

Je - sum Christum, et in u - num Do - minum, in u - num Do -

- minum Je - sum Christum, Fi - lium De - i u - ni - ge - ni -

tum;

tum;

et ex Patre, ex Patre na - tum,

et ex Patre, ex Patre na -

et ex Patre, ex Patre na-tum ante o-mnia sae-

- tum, et ex Patre, ex Patre na-tum ante o-mnia

- cula, an-te o-mnia sae-cu-la;

sae-cula, an-te o-mnia sae-cu-la;

The first system of the musical score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are for the piano accompaniment, with the first two in treble clef and the last two in bass clef. The bottom two staves are for the vocal line, with the upper staff in treble clef and the lower staff in bass clef. The music is in G major and 4/4 time. The piano accompaniment features a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a more rhythmic, supportive line in the left hand. The vocal line enters in the third measure with a melodic phrase.

The second system of the musical score continues the composition. It consists of eight staves, with the piano accompaniment on the top four and the vocal line on the bottom two. The piano accompaniment continues its complex, flowing melody. The vocal line enters in the first measure with the lyrics "Deum de Deo, lumen de lu - mine, De - um verum de De-o ve - ro ge-ni-". The lyrics are written in Latin and are spread across the vocal staves.

Deum de Deo, lumen de lu - mine, De - um verum de De-o ve - ro ge-ni-

ro genitum, non fa - ctum, con - substanti - a - lem Pa - tri, per quem o - mnia fa - cta

tum, non fa - ctum, con - substanti - a - lem Pa - tri, per quem omnia fa - cta

sunt, De - um verum de De - o ve - ro, de De - o ve - ro,

sunt, De - um verum de De - o ve - ro, de De - o ve - ro,

per quem o - - - mi - a fa - eta, fa - eta sunt;

per quem o - - - mi - a fa - eta sunt;

qui propter nos ho - - mi - nes et propter no-stram sa-

qui propter nos ho - - mi - nes et propter no-stram sa-lu-tem, propter

lu - tem, pro - pter no - stram sa - lu - tem de - scen - dit de coelis, qui propter
no - stram sa - lu - tem de - scen - dit de coelis, qui propter nos et propter

nos et propter no - stram sa - lu - tem de - scen - dit, de - scen - dit, de - scen - dit de
no - stram sa - lu - tem de - scen - dit de coe lis, qui propter nos de - scen -

coe - - lis, et qui propter nostram sa lu - - tem de - - scen - - dit de coe - lis.

- dit de coe - lis, propter nostram sa lu - - tem de - - scen - dit de coe - - lis.

The first system of the musical score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are for a piano accompaniment, with the first and third staves in treble clef and the second and fourth in bass clef. The bottom two staves are for a vocal part, with the upper staff in bass clef and the lower staff in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The vocal part includes Latin lyrics: "coe - - lis, et qui propter nostram sa lu - - tem de - - scen - - dit de coe - lis." and "- dit de coe - lis, propter nostram sa lu - - tem de - - scen - dit de coe - - lis."

The second system of the musical score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are for a piano accompaniment, with the first and third staves in treble clef and the second and fourth in bass clef. The bottom two staves are for a vocal part, with the upper staff in bass clef and the lower staff in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The piano accompaniment continues with complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The vocal part is mostly silent in this system, with only a few notes visible in the lower staff.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Soprano I.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Et in-car-na-tus

Et in-car-na-tus

Et in-car-na-tus est, in-car-na-tus

Et in-car-

est, in-car-na-tus est de Spi-ri-tu san-cto ex Ma-ri-a vir-gi-

est, in-car-na-tus est de Spi-ri-tu san-cto ex Ma-ri-a vir-gi-

est, in-car-na-tus est de Spi-ri-tu san-cto ex Ma-ri-a

na-tus est, in-car-na-tus est de Spi-ri-tu san-cto ex Ma-ri-a

Et in-car-na-tus est de Spi-ri-tu san-cto ex Ma-ri-a

ne, — ex Ma - ri - a — vir - gi - ne,

ne, ex Ma - ri - a, Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne,

vir - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne, et in - car -

vir - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne, et in - car - na - tus

vir - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne,

et in - car - na - tus est de Spi - ri - tu san - cto

et in - car - na - tus est, in - car - na - tus est de Spi - ri - tu san - cto ex Ma -

na - tus est, in - car - na - tus est de Spi - ri - tu san - cto ex Ma -

est, in - car - na - tus est, in - car - na - tus est de Spi - ri - tu san - cto

et in - car - na - tus est de Spi - ri - tu san - cto

ex Ma - ri - a vir - - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne,
 ri - a vir - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a, ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne,
 ri - a vir - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a, Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne,
 ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne,
 ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne, ex Ma - ri - a vir - gi - ne,

et ho - mo fa - ctus est, et ho - mo fa - - ctus est.
 et ho - mo factus est, et ho - mo, ho - mo fa - - ctus est.
 et ho - mo fa - ctus est, et ho - mo, ho - mo fa - ctus est.
 et ho - mo, ho - - mo fa - ctus est.
 et ho - mo fa - ctus est, ho - - mo fa - ctus est.

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

L'Espresso

Atto II. Scena I.

Alto. *Alto.*

Tenore. *Tenore.*

Basso. *Basso.*

Continuo. *Continuo.*

Cru - ei -

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Cru - ci -

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Cru - ci -

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Cru - ci -

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Cru - ei -

[illegible]

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

L'Espresso

Atto II. Scena I.

Alto. *Alto.*

Tenore. *Tenore.*

Basso. *Basso.*

Continuo. *Continuo.*

Cru - ei -

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

L'Espresso

Atto II. Scena I.

Alto. *Alto.*

Tenore. *Tenore.*

Basso. *Basso.*

Continuo. *Continuo.*

Cru - ei -

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

L'Espresso

Atto II. Scena I.

Alto. *Alto.*

Tenore. *Tenore.*

Basso. *Basso.*

Continuo. *Continuo.*

Cru - ei -

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

L'Espresso

Atto II. Scena I.

Alto. *Alto.*

Tenore. *Tenore.*

Basso. *Basso.*

Continuo. *Continuo.*

Cru - ei -

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

eru - ei - fi - xus e - ti - am pro no - bis, eru - ei -

fi - xus, eru - ei - fi - xus e - ti - am pro no - bis,

eru - ei - fi - xus e - ti - am pro

eru - ei - fi - xus, eru - ei - fi - xus e -

fi - xus e - ti - am pro no - bis sub Pon - ti -

e - ti - am pro no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to,

no - bis, - ti - am pro no - bis sub

- ti - am pro no - bis sub Pon - ti -

o Pi - la - to, pas - sus et se - pul - tus est, pas -

sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to, pas - sus et se - pul - tus est, pas -

Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to, pas - sus, pas - sus et se - pul - tus est, pas -

o Pi - la - to, pas - sus et se - pul - tus est, pas -

- sus et se - pul - tus est; eru - ci - fi - xus e - ti - am pro -

- sus et se - pul - tus est; eru - ci - fi -

- sus et se - pul - tus est; eru - ci -

sus et se - pul - tus est; eru -

no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to, pas -

- sus e - tiam pro no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to, pas - sus et se -

fi - xus e - tiam pro no - bis, pas - sus

- ei - fi - xus e - tiam pro no - bis,

- sus et se - pul - tus est, se - pul - tus est, se - pul - tus est.

pul - tus, se - pul - tus est, pas - sus et se - pul - tus est.

et se - pul - tus est, se - pul - tus est, se - pul - tus est.

pas - sus et se - pul - tus est, se - pul - tus est, et se - pul - tus est.

Tromba I.
 Tromba II.
 Tromba III.
 Timpani.
 Flauto traverso I.
 Flauto traverso II.
 Oboe I.
 Oboe II.
 Violino I.
 Violino II.
 Viola.
 Soprano I.
 Soprano II.
 Alto.
 Tenore.
 Basso.
 Continuo.

Et resur - re - xit, resur - re - xit,
 Et resur - re - xit, resur - re - xit,
 Et resur - re - xit, re - sur - re - xit,
 Et resur - re - xit, re - sur - re - xit,
 Et resur - re - xit, re - sur - re - xit,

The musical score is written for piano and voice. The piano part consists of 11 staves, with the first 8 staves being a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and the remaining 3 staves being a grand staff in a lower register (bass clef). The vocal part is a single staff in a lower register (bass clef). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked with a common time signature (C). The score features a complex piano accompaniment with intricate patterns, including triplets and trills. The vocal line is in a lower register, with lyrics "et resur." appearing at the end.

et resur -

et resur - re - xit, resur -

et resur - re - xit, resur -

et resur - re - xit, resur -

re - xit, resur - re - xit, re - sur - re - xit, et resur -

re - xit, resur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e, re - sur - re - xit ter - ti - a

re - xit, resur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e, resur - re - xit ter - ti - a

re - xit, resur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e, et resur - re - xit ter - ti - a

re - xit, resur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e, re - sur - re - xit ter - ti - a

re - xit, resur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e, et resur - re - xit ter - ti - a

[illegible]

re -

re -

rexit ter-ti-a di-e, ter-ti-a di-e, re - sur - re - xit, resur - re - xit,

rexit ter - ti.a di - e, re - sur - rexit, re - sur - rexit ter-ti-a

rexit ter-ti-a di-e, ter-ti-a di - e, re - sur - re - xit, resur - re - xit

- xit se_cun - dum scri_p tu - ras;
 - xit ter - ti - a di - e se_cun - dum scri_p tu - ras;
 re - sur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e se_cun - dum scri_p tu - ras;
 di - e, resur - rexit ter - ti - a di - e se_cun - dum scri_p tu - ras;
 ter - ti - a di - e, resur - rexit se_cun - dum scri_p tu - ras;

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century repertoire. It features a grand staff with multiple staves. The top four staves are grouped together, with the first two staves in treble clef and the next two in bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The notation includes various musical elements such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The bottom section of the page shows a single bass line in bass clef, also in the key of F# and 4/4 time. The page is numbered 197 in the top right corner.

This musical score is for a Minuet in G major, BWV 1.4, by Johann Sebastian Bach. It is a two-part setting for violin and piano. The score is written in G major, indicated by two sharps (F# and C#) in the key signature. The time signature is 3/4. The piece is in 3/4 time. The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains the first five measures, and the second system contains the next five measures. The piano part is written in the right hand of the grand staff, and the violin part is written in the left hand. The piano part features a series of eighth-note patterns, while the violin part features a series of sixteenth-note patterns. The piece concludes with a final cadence in the piano part.

This musical score page contains measures 1 through 5 of a piece. The notation is organized into two systems. The first system (measures 1-3) features a grand staff with a treble and bass clef, and a piano section with four staves (two treble and two bass). The piano part includes a complex, fast-moving texture with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The second system (measures 4-5) continues the piano part and introduces a new melodic line in the upper right staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The notation is in black ink on a white background.

et a - scen - dit in coe - lum, se - det ad dex - teram Dei Pa - tris, ad dextram

et a - scen - dit in coe - lum, sedet ad dex - teram De - i Pa - tris, ad dextram

et a - scen - dit in coe - lum, sedet ad dex - teram De - i Pa - tris, ad dextram

et a - scen - dit in coe - lum, sedet ad dex - teram De - i Pa - tris, ad dextram

et a - scen - dit in coe - lum, se - det ad dex - teram Dei Pa - tris, ad dex -

De - i Pa - tris, a - seen - dit, ascendit in

De - i Pa - tris, a - scendit, a - scendit in

De - i Pa - tris, a - scendit in

De - i Pa - tris, a - scendit in coelum, a - scendit in

- tram De-i Pa - tris, a - seen - dit in

coe-lum, a - seen - dit in coe-lum, se - det ad dextram Dei Pa -

coe - lum, a - seen - dit in coe - lum, se - det ad dex -

coe - lum, a - seen - dit in coe - lum, se - det, se - det ad

coe - lum, a - seen - dit in coe - lum, se - det ad dex -

coe - lum, a - seen - dit in coe - lum, se - det ad dextram Dei Patris,

tris;
tram De-i Pa tris;
dextram De-i Pa tris;
tram De-i Pa tris;
De-i Pa tris;

This musical score is for a piece in G major, BWV 14. It features a complex keyboard part and a vocal line. The keyboard part is written for a grand piano with two staves (treble and bass clef). The vocal part is written for a single voice in the bass clef. The score is in 4/4 time and consists of 16 measures. The keyboard part is highly technical, featuring many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, as well as triplets. The vocal part is simpler, with a few notes in the final measures. The lyrics "et i - te -" are written under the final notes of the vocal line.

et i - te -

rum ven-tu-rus est cum glo-ri-a, ven-tu-rus est cum glo-ri-a, cum glo-ri-a ju-di-ca-

re vi vos et mor tu os, ju di ca re vi vos et mortu

eu - jus regni non e - rit fi - nis,

eu - jus regni non e - rit fi - nis,

eu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis,

eu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis,

os, vi - vos et mortu - os; eu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis,

The musical score is written for piano and voice. The piano accompaniment consists of multiple staves, including a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and several additional staves for the right and left hands. The vocal line is written in a single staff with lyrics. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and arpeggiated figures. The lyrics are: "cu - jus re - cu - jus".

eu - jus regni - non e - rit fi - nis, eu - jus

eu - jus re - - - - - gni, eu - jus regni - non e - rit fi - nis, eu - jus

- gni non e - rit fi - nis, non e - rit fi - nis, eu - jus

re - - - - - gni non e - rit fi - nis, non e - rit fi - nis, eu - jus

- - gni non e - rit fi - nis, non e - rit fi - nis, eu - jus re - - gni non e - rit fi - nis, eu - jus

re - gui non e - rit fi - nis, cu - jus re - - - - -

re - gui non e - rit fi - nis, cu - jus re - - - - - gui non e - rit

re - gui non e - rit fi - nis, cu - jus re - - - - -

re - gui non e - rit fi - nis, cu - jus re - - - - - gui, cu - jus re - gui non e - rit

re - gui non e - rit fi - nis, cu - jus re - - - - -

gni non e_rit fi_nis, cu - jus
 fi - nis, cu - jus re_gni non e_rit fi - nis, cu - jus re_gni non e_rit fi_nis, non e_rit
 gni non e_rit
 fi - nis, cu - jus re_gni non e_rit fi_nis, non e_rit
 gni non e_rit fi - nis, cu - jus re_gni non e_rit fi - nis, non e_rit fi_nis, cu - jus

The image displays a musical score for a piece, likely a fugue, featuring multiple staves with complex melodic lines and lyrics. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The first four staves are instrumental, showing intricate melodic development with various ornaments and trills. The fifth staff introduces the vocal entry with the lyrics "regninone_rit fi - nis." The subsequent staves continue the vocal melody, with lyrics "fi - - nis, fi - nis." appearing on the sixth, seventh, and eighth staves. The final two staves show the instrumental accompaniment continuing, with the vocal line concluding on the eighth staff.

regninone_rit fi - nis.

fi - - nis, fi - nis.

fi - - nis, fi - nis.

fi - - nis, fi - nis.

regninone_rit fi - nis.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century repertoire. It features a grand staff with multiple staves. The top four staves (treble and bass clefs) are mostly empty, with some notes in the final measure of the first staff. The middle section consists of six staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/4. The first two staves of this section contain a complex, fast-moving melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The next two staves contain a more melodic, flowing line. The bottom two staves of this section contain a bass line with a steady eighth-note pattern. The bottom section of the page consists of six more staves, all of which are empty except for a few notes in the final measure of the last staff.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century repertoire. It features a grand staff with multiple systems of staves. The notation is complex, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and frequent use of triplets. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The piece is written for a grand piano, with the right hand playing the upper staves and the left hand playing the lower staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, time signatures, and dynamic markings. The piece is written in a style that is characteristic of the Romantic era, with a focus on technical virtuosity and expressive melody.

This page of musical notation, numbered 215, contains a grand staff with multiple systems of staves. The notation is complex, featuring various rhythmic patterns, trills, and musical symbols. The staves are arranged in a vertical column, with each system consisting of multiple staves. The notation includes a variety of note values, rests, and trills, indicating a highly technical and expressive piece of music. The page is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the notation is written in a clear, legible style.

ARIA.

Oboe d'amore I.

Oboe d'amore II.

Basso.

Continuo.

Et in Spiritum sanctum Do minum et vi vi - fi - can - tem,



First system of the musical score. It features a piano accompaniment with a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a trill (tr) on the first measure and a piano (piano) marking. The bass staff has a piano (piano) marking. The vocal line is in the middle, with lyrics: "et in Spiritum sanctum Do - minum et vi - vi - fi - can - tem, vi - vi - fi -".



Second system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment continues. The vocal line has lyrics: "can - tem, Spiritum san - ctum, Spiritum san - ctum vi - vi - fi - can - tem, vi - vi - fi - can - tem Do - mi -".



Third system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment continues. The vocal line has lyrics: "num, qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li o - que proce -".



Fourth system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment continues. The vocal line has lyrics: "dit, ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - dit, qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o -".



First system of the musical score. It features a piano accompaniment with a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a trill (tr) marked above the first measure. The vocal line is in the bass staff, with the lyrics "que proce" and "dit;" written below it.



Second system of the musical score. It continues the piano accompaniment and vocal line. The vocal line has a trill (tr) marked above the final measure of the system.



Third system of the musical score. The piano accompaniment includes the word "piano" written above the treble staff in two measures. The vocal line has the lyrics "qui cum Pa - tre et Fi - li - o simul a - do - ra - tur, a - do -".



Fourth system of the musical score. The vocal line has the lyrics "ra -" and "tur et con-glo - ri - fi-ca -".



First system of a musical score in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: tur, et con-glo-ri-fi-ca-tur;



Second system of the musical score. The lyrics are: qui lo-cu-tus est per Pro-phetas, lo-cu-tus est per Pro-phetas, per Pro-



Third system of the musical score. The lyrics are: phetas lo-cu-tus est, lo-cu-tus est per Prophe-tas, lo-cu-tus est per Pro-



Fourth system of the musical score. The lyrics are: phe-tas, per Pro-phetas. Et unam sanctam catholicam et a-po-sto-li-

cam ec-cle - si - am,

tr *piano*
et unam sanctam catholicam et a-po-sto - li -

cam ec-cle - si - am, et unam san - ctam ca - tho -

li - cam et a - po - sto - li - cam ec - ele -



First system of the musical score. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "si am, u - nam san - etam catholicam et a-po-sto-li cam ec-cle -". The piano part consists of flowing sixteenth-note patterns in both hands.



Second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: "si am, u nam san - etam ca-tholicam et a-po sto - li cam ec-cle - si". The piano accompaniment continues with similar sixteenth-note textures.



Third system of the musical score. The vocal line has a rest followed by the lyrics "am.". The piano accompaniment continues with sixteenth-note patterns.



Fourth system of the musical score. The vocal line features trills (tr) on the notes "a" and "li". The piano accompaniment continues with sixteenth-note patterns.

Soprano I.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

[illegible]

fi - te or, con - fi - te or u - num ba - pli - sma in re - mis - si - o - nem pecca -

missi - o - nem pecca - to - rum, con - fi - te or, con - fi -

rum, in re - mis - si - o - nem pecca - to - rum, con - fi - te or u - num ba -

rum, con - fi - te or, con - fi - te or u - num ba - pli - sma, u -

rum,

to - rum, pecca - to - rum, in re - missi - o - nem pecca -
te - or u - num ba - ptisma, con - fi - te - or u - num ba - pti - sma, con - fi - te -
pti - sma, u - num ba - pti - sma in re - missi - o - nem pecca - to - rum, con - fi - te - or u - num ba -
num bap - ti - sma, con - fi - te - or, con - fi - te - or u - num bap - ti - sma,
con - fi - te - or, con - fi - te - or u - num ba - pti - sma in re -



to - rum, con fi - te or, con fi - te or, con fi - te or u -
 or unum ba pti - sma, con fi - te or, con fi - te or u - num ba pti - sma, con -
 ptisma in re - missi - o - nem pecca - to - rum, pecca - to - rum, con fi - te -
 con fi - te or, con fi - te or u - num ba pti - sma,
 missi - o - nem pecca - to - rum, in re - missi - o - nem pec - ca - to - rum,



- num ba pti - sma, con fi - te or u - num ba pti - sma in re -
 fi - te or, con fi - te or, con fi - te or u - num ba pti - sma
 or, con fi - te or, in re - missi - o - nem pecca - to - rum, in re - missi -
 con fi - te or, con fi - te or unum ba pti - sma in re -
 con fi - te or, con fi - te or unum ba pti - sma in re - missi - o -



mis - si - o - nem pec - ca - to - rum, in re - missi - o - nem pecca -
 in re - missi - o - nem pecca - to - rum, pecca - to - rum, in re - missi - o - nem
 o - nem pec - ca - to - rum, pecca - to - rum, in re - missi - o - nem pec -
 missi - o - nem pecca - torum, pec - ca - to - rum, in re - missi - onem pecca -
 nem pecca - to - rum,

to - rum, in re - missi - o - nem pec - ca - to - rum, pec - ca - to - rum, con - fi - te or u - num ba - pli - sma, con - fi - te - ca - to - rum, con - fi - te or u - num ba - pli - to - rum, in re - missi - o - nem pec - ca - to - rum, in - con - fi - te or u - num ba - pli - sma

The image shows a page from a musical score for 'Agnus Dei' by J. Haydn. The score is written for voice and piano. The vocal parts are in the upper staves, and the piano accompaniment is in the lower staves. The music is in 3/4 time and G major. The lyrics are in Latin and English. The vocal parts are labeled 'Soprano', 'Alto', and 'Tenor'. The piano part is labeled 'Piano'. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves. The piano part consists of a right hand and a left hand. The right hand plays a melody, and the left hand provides harmonic support. The score is a page from a larger work, as indicated by the page number '10' in the bottom right corner.

rum, con fi - te or, con fi - te or u - num ba - ptisma

or unum ba - pti - sma, con fi - te or, con fi - te or u - num ba pti -

sma in re - mis - si - o - nem pee - ca - to -

re - mis - si - o - nem pee - ca - to - rum, in re - mis - si - o - nem pee - ca - to -

in re - mis - si - o - nem pee - ca - to - rum,

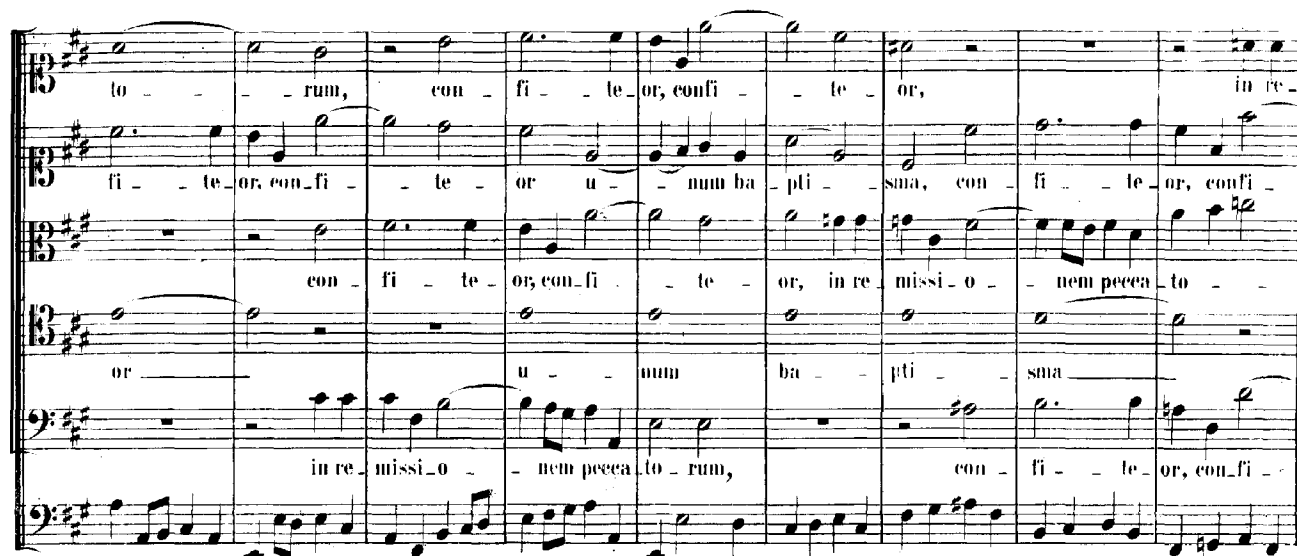
in remissi - o - - - - - nem pee - - - ca - to - rum, in re - missi - o - - - - - nem pecca -

sua, con - fi - te - or, in re - missi - o - - - - - nem pee - - - ca - torum, con -

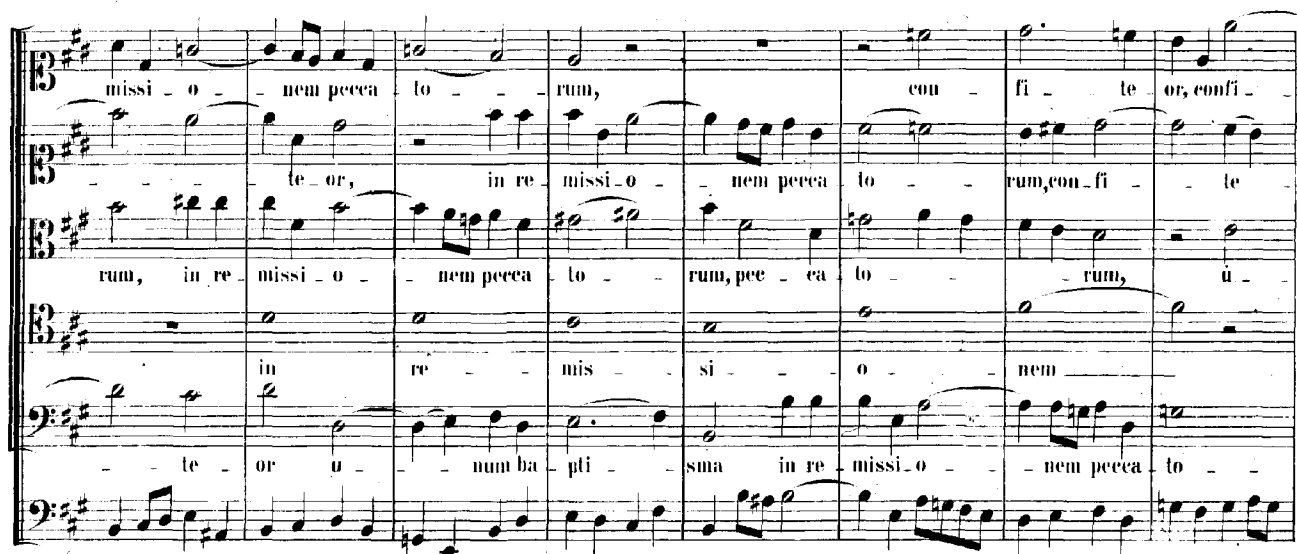
rum, con fi - te - or u - num ba - pti - - - sua in re - missi - o - - - - - nem pecca - to - rum,

rum, con - - - - - fi - - - - - te - - - -

in re - missi - o - - - - - nem pecca - to - - - - - rum,



to - - - rum, con - fi - te or, confi - te or, in re -
 fi - te or, con - fi - te or u - num ba - pti - sma, con - fi - te or, confi -
 con - fi - te or, con - fi - te or, in re - missi - o - - nem pecca - to - -
 or - - - u - num ba - pti - sma -
 in re - missi - o - - nem pecca - to - rum, con - fi - te or, con - fi -



missi - o - - nem pecca - to - - rum, con - fi - te or, confi -
 te or, in re - missi - o - - nem pecca - to - - rum, con - fi - te
 rum, in re - missi - o - - nem pecca - to - - rum, pec - ca - to - - rum, u -
 in re - mis - si - o - - nem
 te or u - num ba - pti - sma in re - missi - o - - nem pecca - to - -



te or u - num ba - pti - sma in re - mis - si - o - - nem pecca -
 or u - num ba - pti - sma in re - mis - si - o - - nem pecca -
 num ba - ptisma in re - missi - o - - nem pecca - to - - rum, in re - missi - onem
 pec - ca - to - - rum, in re - missi - o - - nem
 rum, confi - te or u - num ba - ptisma in re - missi - o - - nem pec - ca -

Adagio.

227

to - rum. Et ex pe - cto, ex pe - cto re -

re-sur-re-cti o-nem mortu o - rum, ex -
sur-re-cti o - nem mor - tu o - rum,
o - nem mor - tu o - rum, mor - tu o - rum, mor - tu o - rum,
o - nem mor - tu o - rum, re-sur-re-cti o-nem mortu o - rum,
- cto re-sur-re-cti o-nem mortu o - rum,

pe - cto re-sur re - cti o - nem mor - tu o -
ex pe - cto, ex-pe - cto re - sur re-cti o - nem mortu o -
ex pe - cto resur re-cti o - nem mortu o -
ex pe - cto resur re-cti o-nem mor - tu o -
ex pe - cto resur re - cti o-nem mortu o -

Vivace e Allegro.

Tromba I.
 Tromba II.
 Tromba III.
 Timpani.
 Flauto traverso I.
 Flauto traverso II.
 Oboe I.
 Oboe II.
 Violino I.
 Violino II.
 Viola.
 Soprano I.
 Soprano II.
 Alto.
 Tenore.
 Basso.
 Continuo.

rum, et ex-pe-cto, ex-pe-cto, ex-pe-cto re-sur-re
 rum, et ex-pe-cto, ex-pe-cto re-sur-re
 rum, et ex-pe-cto, ex-pe-cto re-sur-re
 rum, et ex-pe-cto, ex-pe-cto re-sur-re
 rum, et ex-pe-cto, ex-pe-cto re-sur-re

re - - - - - et i - o - - - - - nem mortu o - - - - - rum.

et i - o - - - - - nem mortu o - - - - - rum.

re - - - - - et i - o - - - - - nem mortu o - - - - - rum.

re - - - - - et i - o - - - - - nem mortu o - - - - - rum.

et i - o - - - - - nem mortu o - - - - - rum.

This musical score is for a choral and instrumental ensemble. It begins with a piano introduction consisting of 16 measures. The first four measures feature a complex piano accompaniment with multiple staves, including a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and four additional staves. The piano part is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note patterns in the upper staves and more rhythmic, eighth-note patterns in the lower staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The piano introduction concludes at measure 16. At measure 17, the vocal parts enter. There are four vocal staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts enter with the lyrics "Ex - pe - cto re -". The vocal lines are written in a style that suggests a choral setting, with some parts having longer notes and others providing harmonic support. The piano accompaniment continues throughout the vocal entry, providing a steady rhythmic and harmonic foundation.

Ex - pe - cto re - surrecti - o - nem mortu - o -

- - - - - cto, ex - pe - cto - resurrecti - o - - - - nem mortu - o -

cto re - - - surrecti - o - - - nem mor - tu - o - - - - rum, resur - recti -

- - - - - surrecti - o - - - - nem mortu - o - - - - rum, resur - recti - o - - - - nem mortu -

pe - - - - - cto resur - re - cti - o - - - - nem mortu - o -

rum, re-sur-recti - o - - - - - nem mortu - o - rum, et ex - pe - - - - - cto, ex -
 rum, re-sur-re-cti - o - - - - - nem, et - - - - - ex-pe - -
 o - - - - - nem mortu - o - - - - - rum, et ex - pe - - - - - cto, ex - pe - cto, ex -
 o - - - - - rum, et ex - pe - - - - - cto, ex-pe -
 rum, et ex - pe - - - - -

pe - cto, ex - pe - cto re - sur - re - - cti - o - nem mortu - o - - - rum, re - sur -
 - - cto, ex - pe - cto re - sur - re - cti - o - nem mortu - o - - - rum,
 pe - - - cto re - sur - re - - cti - o - - - nem, re - sur - re - cti - o - - - -
 cto, ex - pe - - cto re - sur - re - - cti - o - - - nem mortu - o - - - - rum,
 cto, ex - pe - cto re - - sur - re - cti - o - - - - nem mortu - o - - - - rum,

re-cti-o - - - nem mor-tu-o - - - rum, resur-re - - -

re-sur-re-cti-o - - - nem, resur - - -

- - - nem mor-tu-o - - - rum, resur-re-cti-o-nem mor-tu-o - - -

resur-re-cti-o - - - - - nem mor-tu-o - - -

resur-re-cti-o - - - - -

- ci - o - - - nem mortu - o - - - rum.
 re - - - - - ci - o - nem mortu - o - - - rum.
 - - - rum, resur - re - ci - o - nem mortu - o - - - rum.
 rum, resur - re - ci - o - nem mortu - o - - - rum.
 - - - nem, resur - re - ci - o - nem mortu - o - - - rum.

This musical score is for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or a large chamber group. It consists of 14 staves. The first four staves are for a string quartet (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Violoncello). The next six staves are for woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Saxophone, and Contrabassoon). The final four staves are for brass and percussion (Trumpet, Trombone, Tuba, and Percussion). The score is in 2/4 time and features a variety of musical notations, including eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. The lyrics "Et vi - - - tam ven -" are written below the bottom four staves, indicating a vocal or choral part.

Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li, ven - tu - ri

Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li, ven - tu - ri

tu - ri sae - cu - li, vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li,

- tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li, vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae -

vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li, ven - tu - ri sae -

men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

A - - - men, A - - - men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

- men, A - - - men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

A - - - men, A - - - men, et vi-tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

men, ven-tu-ri sae-cu-

li, ven tu ri saeculi, Amen, A -

li, ven tu ri saeculi, Amen, A -

li, ven tu ri saeculi, Amen, A - - - - - men,

li, ven tu ri saeculi, Amen, A - - - - - men, A - - - - - men,

li, ven tu ri saeculi, Amen,

men, A - men, A - men, Amen, A - men,

men, A - men, A - men, A -

A - men, A - men, A -

A - men, A -

A - men, A - men,

Amen, A - - - - - men, A - men, ven-tu-ri sae-cu-li, A - men.
 - men, ex - pe - eto vi - tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-li, ven-tu-ri sae-cu-li, A - men.
 - men, ex - pe - - - - eto vi - tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-li, A - men.
 - - - men, ex - pe - - - - eto vi - tam ven-tu-ri sae-cu-li, A - men.
 A - - - - - men, A - men, ven-tu-ri sae-cu-li, A - men.

SANCTUS.

Tromba I.
Tromba II.
Tromba III.
Timpani.
Oboe I.
Oboe II.
Oboe III.
Violino I.
Violino II.
Viola.
Soprano I.
Soprano II.
Alto I.
Alto II.
Tenore.
Basso.
Continuo.

san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus, san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus, san - ctus

This musical score is for a choral and piano arrangement. It features a piano accompaniment in the upper staves and a four-part vocal choir in the lower staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The piano part includes a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a more rhythmic, chordal accompaniment in the left hand, often using triplets. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics "san - ctus," and later "san - ctus Do - minus". The score is divided into four measures, each containing musical notation for both the piano and the voices.

san - ctus, san - ctus, san -

san - ctus, san - ctus, san -

- ctus, san - - ctus, san - - - ctus Do - minus

- ctus, san - - ctus, san - - - ctus Do - minus

- ctus, san - - ctus, san - - - ctus Do - minus

san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus Do - minus

Deus Sabaoth, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus

Deus Sabaoth, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus

Deus Sabaoth, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus

Deus Sabaoth, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, sanctus

san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

et us, san - ctus, De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

This musical score is for a choral and piano setting. It features a piano introduction and six vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor 1, Tenor 2, Bass 1, Bass 2) with Latin lyrics. The piano part consists of a grand staff with four staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into four measures.

Piano Introduction:

- Measure 1: Active piano accompaniment in the right hand and sustained chords in the left hand.
- Measure 2: Sustained chords in both hands.
- Measure 3: Sustained chords in both hands.
- Measure 4: Sustained chords in both hands.

Vocal Parts and Lyrics:

- Soprano:** us Sa - ba - oth, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san -
- Alto:** De - us Sa - ba - oth, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san -
- Tenors:** us Sa - ba - oth, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san -
- Basses:** De - us Sa - ba - oth, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san -

san -

san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - baoth, san -

ctus, san -

ctus, san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - baoth, san -

ctus, san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - baoth, san - ctus Do - minus

This musical score is for a piece titled "Sanctus Dominus Deus Sabaoth". It is written for piano and voice. The score is in 4/4 time and the key signature has one sharp (F#), indicating the key of D major or B minor. The piano part is written on the upper staves, featuring a complex, flowing melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The vocal part is written on the lower staves, with lyrics in Latin. The lyrics are: "De - us Sa - ba - oth, san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, san - ctus Do - minus". The score is divided into four measures, each containing a measure of piano music and a measure of vocal music. The piano music is written on the upper staves, and the vocal music is written on the lower staves. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

This musical score is for a choral and piano setting of the 'Sanctus'. It features a piano accompaniment at the top and a four-part choral setting below. The piano part consists of a right-hand melody with flowing sixteenth-note patterns and a left-hand accompaniment with sustained chords and moving lines. The choral part is written for Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass voices, with lyrics in Latin. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into four measures, with the lyrics 'Sanctus, Sanctus, Sanctus, Sanctus' repeated across the measures. The piano part includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

et us, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus,

et us, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus,

et us, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus,

et us, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus,

et us, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus,

et us, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus,

De - us Sa - ba oth, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus, san - ctus,

This musical score is for a choral and piano arrangement. It features a piano accompaniment at the top and a choral setting below. The piano part includes a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a single bass staff. The choral part is written for four voices: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass, each on a separate staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The lyrics are in Latin, and the music is characterized by intricate piano textures and clear vocal lines.

Piano Part:

- Grand Staff (Treble and Bass Clef):** Features a complex melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together. It includes trills and triplets.
- Single Bass Staff:** Provides a steady bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes.

Choral Part:

- Soprano:** Carries the main vocal melody with various ornaments and trills.
- Alto:** Provides harmonic support with a similar melodic line.
- Tenor:** Provides harmonic support with a similar melodic line.
- Bass:** Provides harmonic support with a similar melodic line.

Lyrics:

san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.
 san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.
 san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.
 san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.
 san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.
 san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.
 san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.
 san - ctus Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Do - minus De - us Sa - ba - oth.

oth.

oth.

oth.

oth.

Ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus, glo-

Ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a e-jus, ple-ni sunt coe-

ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a

Ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a

Ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a

li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus,

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) for piano accompaniment, followed by four vocal staves (two soprano and two alto parts). The second system continues the vocal parts with Latin lyrics. The piano accompaniment features a complex, rhythmic pattern in the right hand and a more melodic line in the left hand. The vocal parts are written in a style that suggests a choral setting, with some parts featuring trills (tr) and other ornaments. The lyrics are in Latin, likely a liturgical text, and are written in a Gothic-style font.

Trills (tr) are indicated in the piano accompaniment and some vocal parts.

Vocal Lyrics:

e - jus, glo - - ri - a, glo - - ri - a e - - jus, glo -
 jus, glo - - ri - a e - jus, glo -
 jus, glo - - ri - a e - jus,
 e - - jus, glo - - ri - a, glo - - ri - a e - - jus,
 ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - - ri - a e - - jus,
 Ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - - ri - a e - - jus, ple - ni sunt

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a vocal or instrumental ensemble. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It features multiple staves, including vocal parts and instrumental accompaniment. The lyrics are in Latin, and the music is characterized by its complex polyphonic texture and use of figured bass.

The visible lyrics are:

ple - ni sunt coe - li glo - ri - a
 ple - ni sunt coe - li glo - ri - a
 ple - ni sunt coe - li, ple - ni sunt
 coe - li et ter - ra, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra,

coe-li, sunt coe - - li et ter - ra glori a e - jus, ple - - ni sunt coe - -

coe-li, sunt coe - - li et ter - ra glori a e - jus, ple - ni, ple - - ni sunt

e - jus, glo - - - ri - a - e - jus, ple - - - ni -

e - jus, glo - - - ri - a, glo - ri - a e - - jus, ple - - -

coe - li et ter - ra glo - - - ri - a - e - jus, ple -

ple - - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a e - jus, ple -

li et ter-ra, ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus,

coe-li et ter-ra, ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus,

glo-ri-a, ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus,

ni glo-ri-a e-jus, ple-

ni glo-ri-a e-jus,

ni glo-ri-a e-jus,

[illegible]

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The top system consists of a piano accompaniment (left) and four vocal parts (right). The piano part is written for grand piano (G-clef and F-clef) and features a complex, flowing melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The vocal parts are written for Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass (all with F-clefs). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The lyrics are in Latin and are distributed across the vocal parts. The bottom system continues the vocal parts and includes a basso continuo line at the bottom, which is a single-line bass part. The lyrics are repeated across the vocal parts, with some variations in phrasing. The score is written in a clear, professional style with standard musical notation.

ri-a e - jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et
ter - ra glo - ri - a e - jus, glo -
ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo -
ter - ra glo - ri - a e - jus, glo -
ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo

ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a e-

-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a e-

-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a e-

-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a e-

-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a e-

-ri-a e-jus, glo-ri-a, glo-ri-a e-

ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-

jus, glo -
 jus, glo -
 e - jus, glo -
 jus, glo -
 e - jus, glo -
 jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a,

ri - a e - jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a e -
 ri - a e - jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra, et ter - ra glori - a e -
 ri - a e - jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a e -
 ri - a e - jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a e -
 ri - a e - jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a e -
 glo - ri - a e -

jus, glo -
 jus, glo -
 jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter -
 jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter -
 jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter -
 jus, ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a, ple - ni sunt coe - li et

ra, ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus.

ra, ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus.

ra, ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus.

ra, ple-ni sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus.

ter-ra, sunt coe-li et ter-ra glo-ri-a e-jus.

Tromba I.
Tromba II.
Tromba III.
Timpani.
Flauto traverso I.
Flauto traverso II.
Oboe I.
Oboe II.
Violino I.
Violino II.
Viola.
Soprano I.
Alto I.
Tenore I.
Basso I.
Soprano II.
Alto II.
Tenore II.
Basso II.
Continuo.

da, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o -

na, o - san - na, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - san -

na, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

san - na, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

na, o - san - na, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

sau - na, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

sau - na, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

sau - na, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

sau - na, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

This musical score is for a choral and instrumental ensemble. It consists of 15 staves. The top four staves are for vocal parts: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass. The next four staves are for piano accompaniment, with the right hand on the fifth and sixth staves and the left hand on the seventh and eighth staves. The bottom seven staves are for additional instruments or voices, including a double bass line at the bottom. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The lyrics are in Latin, and the music features a mix of vocal lines and piano accompaniment.

san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san -

o - san -

na in ex-cel-sis, o-san-na, o-san

sis, o-san-na in ex-cel-sis, o-sanna, o-san-na, o-san

na in ex-cel-sis, o-sanna, o-san-na, o-san

na in ex-cel-sis, o-sanna, o-san-na, o-san

o-sanna in ex-cel-sis, o-sanna in ex-cel-sis,

o-sanna in ex-cel-sis, o-sanna in ex-cel-sis,

o-sanna in ex-cel-sis, o-sanna in ex-cel-sis,

o-sanna in ex-cel-sis, o-sanna in ex-cel-sis,

[illegible]

[illegible]

o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis,

na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na, o - san - na, o - san -

na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na, o - san - na, o - san -

na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na, o - san - na, o - san -

na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na, o - san - na, o - san -

o - sanna, o - sanna,

o - sanna, o - sanna,

o - sanna, o - sanna,

o - sanna, o - sanna,

na in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna,

na in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna,

na in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna,

na in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna,

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Musical score for a choral and instrumental ensemble. The score consists of 14 staves. The top 10 staves are for the piano accompaniment, and the bottom 4 staves are for the vocal parts. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The lyrics are in Latin, and the score includes dynamic markings such as *forte* and *piano*.

Lyrics (from top to bottom):
 sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -
 o - sanna in ex - cel - sis, o - sanna, o - sanna, o - sanna, o -

Dynamic markings: *forte*, *piano*.

forte
sanna in ex-cel-sis.
forte
sanna in ex-cel-sis.
forte
sanna in ex-cel-sis.
forte
sanna in ex-cel-sis.
piano *forte*
o - sanna in ex-cel-sis.
piano *forte*
o - sanna in ex-cel-sis.
piano *forte*
o - sanna in ex-cel-sis.
piano *forte*
o - sanna in ex-cel-sis.
forte

This musical score is for a piano and orchestra. The piano part is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The right hand features a complex, fast-moving melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together. The left hand provides a more rhythmic accompaniment with eighth and sixteenth notes. The orchestra part consists of multiple staves for woodwinds, brass, and strings. Most of these staves contain rests, indicating that the instruments are silent for most of the piece. There are a few instances of notes in the woodwinds and strings, particularly in the later measures. The score is marked with a 'tr' (trill) in the piano part near the end of the page.

This musical score is for a piece in B major, BWV 6, by Johann Sebastian Bach. It is a two-part setting for piano and violin. The piano part is written for the right and left hands, while the violin part is written for a single staff. The score is in 3/4 time and consists of 16 measures. The piano part features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The violin part is characterized by trills in the first two measures and a series of eighth notes in the subsequent measures. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4.

tr

tr

This page of musical notation, numbered 257, contains a complex arrangement of staves. The top section includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The bottom section features a large block of empty staves, likely for additional instruments or voices.

ARIA.

Violino Solo.

Tenore.

Continuo.



Do - mi - ni, qui ve - nit, be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit, qui



ve - nit in no - mine Do - mi - ni, in no - mine Do - mi - ni, be - ne -



di - ctus, be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mine Do - mi -



ni.



Be -



ne - di - ctus, be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne



Do - mi - ni, be - ne di - ctus, be - ne di - ctus qui ve -



- nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni, qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi -



ni, be - ne di - ctus, be - ne di - ctus qui

First system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a rest, followed by a melodic line starting on a high note. The alto and bass staves provide harmonic support. The lyrics are: ve - nit in no - mine Do - mi - ni, qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit in

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The alto and bass staves continue the harmonic support. The lyrics are: no - mine Do - mi - ni.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff features a complex, fast-moving melodic line with many sixteenth notes. The alto and bass staves continue the harmonic support.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the complex, fast-moving melodic line. The alto and bass staves continue the harmonic support.

Osanna da Capo.

AGNUS DEI.

ARIA.

Violino I. II.

Alto.

Continuo.

piano

A - gnus De - - i qui tol - - lis pec-ca - - ta mun - -

di, qui tol-lis pec-ca - ta, pec-ca - - ta mun-di, mi - se-re - - re no -



forte

bis, mi - se - re - - - re no - bis, mi - se - re - - re no - bis, qui tol - lis pec-



ca - ta, pecca - - ta mundi, misere-re no - bis.



piano

A - gnus De - - i qui tol - -



- - lis pecca - - ta mun - di, a - gnus De - - i qui tol - -



First system of a musical score. It consists of three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff with a 12/8 time signature, and a bass staff. The key signature has two flats. The lyrics are: - lis pecca - ta, qui tollis pec - ca - ta, pecca - ta mun-di, qui tol - lis pec-



Second system of the musical score. It continues the three-staff format. The lyrics are: ca-ta, mi - se - re - re, qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta, mi - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re -



Third system of the musical score. It continues the three-staff format. The lyrics are: - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re no -



Fourth system of the musical score. It continues the three-staff format. The lyrics are: bis.

Tromba I.

Tromba II.

Tromba III.

Timpani.

**Flauto traverso I.
Oboe I.**

**Flauto traverso II.
Oboe II.**

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

cem, pa - - - cem, do - - - - -
pa - - - - - cem, do - - - - - na no - - - - -
- - - - - cem, do - - - - - na no - - - - - bis,
do - - - - - na no - - - - - bis, do - - - - -

na nobis, do - na no - bis pa cem, dona no -

bis, do - na no - bis pa - cem, dona no - bis,

do - na. no - bis pa - cem, dona no - bis, do - na

- na no - bis pa - cem, dona no - bis pa - cem,

bis, do - na no - bis pa - cem, pa - - cem,
 do - - na no - bis pa - cem, pa - cem, do - na no -
 no - - bis pa - - cem, pa - - cem, do - na no - bis pa - cem, pa - -
 pa - - - - - cem, do - na no - bis pa - cem, do - -

pa - cem, do - na no - bis pa - cem,

- bis pa - cem, pa - cem, pa - cem, do - na no -

cem, do - na no - bis pa - cem, pa - cem, do -

- na no - bis pa - cem, pa -

do - na no - bis pa - - - cem, do - - - - na no - bis, do -

bis, do - - na no - bis pa - - - cem, do - - na no - bis pa -

- - - na no - - bis pa - cem, do - na no - bis, do - - na no - -

- - - cem, do - - - - na no - bis, do - na no bis pa - cem,

na no - bis pa - cem, pa - cem, do - na nobis pa - cem, do - na no - -

- cem, pa - - cem, do - na nobis, do - na pa - - cem, do - na no - - bis pa -

- bis pa - - cem, pa - - cem, do - - na no - - bis pa - - cem, do - -

do - - na no - - bis pa - - cem, pa - - cem, do -

- bis pa - cem, pa - cem, do - na no - bis pa -

- - cem, pa - cem, do - na no - bis pa - - - -

- - - na - no - bis pa - cem, do - na no - bis pa - - - cem, do -

- - na nobis pa - cem, do - - na no -

cem, pa - cem, pa - cem, do -
 cem, do - na pa - cem, do - na, do - na no - bis pa - cem, do -
 - na no - bis pa - cem, do - na nobis pa - cem, pa - cem, do - na
 - bis pa - cem, pa - cem, pa - cem, do -

na pa - - - cem, do - - - na, do - - - na no - bis pa - cem.

na no - bis, do - na no - - - bis pa - - - cem, do - na no - bis pa - - - cem.

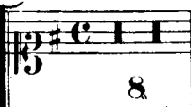
no - bis pa - cem, do - na no - bis pa - - - cem, do - na no - bis pa - - - cem.

na no - - - bis pa - - - cem, do - na no - bis pa - - - cem.

ANHANG.

Variante zu Seite 172.

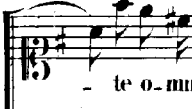
DUETTO.

Soprano.  Et in u-num, in u-num Do - - - minum Je - sum Christum, Fi - - lium De-i

Alto.  Et in u-num, in u-num Do - - - minum Je - sum Christum, Fi - -

 u - ni - ge - - - - - nitum et ex Patre na - - - tum an -

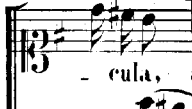
 - - lium De-i u - ni - ge - - - - - nitum et ex Patre na - - - tum

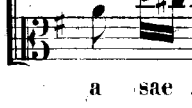
 - te o-mnia sae - cu - la, Fi-lium De-i u-ni - genitum et ex Patre

 an - te o-mnia saecu - la, Fi-lium De-i u-ni - genitum et ex Patre

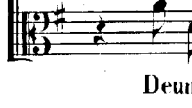
 na - tum, et ex Patre na - - - - - tum ante omni-a sae - cula, an-te omni-a sae -

 na - tum, et ex Patre na - - - - - tum ante omni - a sae - cula, ante omni -

 - cula, an - te o-mnia sae - - cu - la, an - te o - - - - - mnia sae - cu - la. 5

 a sae - cula, an-te o-mnia sae - - cu - la, an - te o-mnia sae - cu - la.

 Deum de Deo, lumen de lu - - - mine, De - - um verum de De-o ve - - ro geni -

 Deum de Deo, lumen de lu - - - mine, De - - um verum de De-o ve - -

tum, non fa - ctum, con-sub-stan-ti - a - lem Pa - tri, per quem omni-a fa - cta

ro - ge-ni-tum, non fa - ctum, con-sub-stan-ti - a - lem Pa - tri, per quem omnia fa - cta

sunt. 5 Qui, qui propter nos ho - mines et, et propter nostram sala -

sunt. Qui, qui propter nos ho - mines et, et propter nostram salu - tem, no -

- tem, nostram sa - lu - tem descendit de coe - lis, descendit de coe - lis, qui, qui propter

stram salu - tem de - scen - dit de coe - lis, de - scen - dit de coe - lis, qui, qui propter

nos, nos homines et propter nostram sa - lu - tem de - scen - dit de coe - lis, de coe - lis.

nos, nos homines et propter nostram sa - lu - tem de - scen - dit de coe - lis, de coe - lis.

4 Et in-car-na-tus est, et incarnatus est de Spi - ri-tu sancto ex Ma - ri-a vir - gi -

Et in-car-na - tus est, et incarnatus est de Spi - ri-tu sancto ex Ma - ri-a vir - gi - ne,

ne, et ho - mo factus est, ho - mo fa - ctus est, et in-car-na-tus est de Spi - ri-tu

et ho - mo factus est, fa - ctus est, ho - mo fa - ctus est, et in-car-na-tus est de

san - cto ex Ma - ri-a vir - gi - ne, et ho - mo factus est. 4

Spi - ri-tu sancto ex Ma - ri-a vir - gi - ne, et ho - mo fa - ctus est.